UNION LIBRARY OF BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,098 NEW SERIES — BOMBAY:—MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1887.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE S. S. "VICTORIA," 6,500 tons, Captain G. F. CATES, taking the homeward Bombay mail of the 11th November, will proceed to London calling at Naples.

For further particulars apply to

The SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. Company.

Bombay, August 24, 1887.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	TUESDAY.
M ASSAM	3038	500	W. A. Wheler	13th Sept.
				FRIDAY.
*L VALETTA	4511	1000	I. Orman	23rd Sept.
NIZAM	2726	600	R. Haselwood	30th "
L HALLAARAT	4762	950	P. S. Tomlin	7th Oct.
M AUSTRALIA	3064	600	W. J. Nantes	14th "
*L SHANNON	4139	800	J. S. Murray	21st "
CATHAY	2983	500	M. de Horne	28th "
*L ROME	5013	1000	W. Barratt	4th Nov.

* The 2nd Saloon accommodation of these vessels has been rearranged and fitted with every comfort including 2 berthed cabins.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route and names registered for places in the sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back via Taranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 2 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	On or about
HYDASPES	2284	500	E. Craw	2nd Sept.
VERONA	3116	600	F. Speck	16th "
ANCONA	3128	600	J. P. Hassall	30th "
MALWA	2939	2500	G. W. Atkinson	11th Oct.
RAVENNA	3372	700	A. B. Daniell	28th "
MIRZAPORE	3887	600	R. Harvey	11th Nov.

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly Reduced Rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.

Bombay, Aug. 21, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 300, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles 320, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers for Marseilles transhipped at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	5,000	800	10th Sept.	1st Nov.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	1st Oct.	20th "
MANILLA	5,000	800	20th "	10th Dec.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Nov.	1st Jan. '88

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BORMIDA	4,000	17th September.
BISAGNO	4,000	15th October.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

A. BISCALDI,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Acting Agents.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 20, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1887.
IMPERATOR(new)	C. Bechtinger	4,600	650	7th Oct.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemessich	4,600	650	7th Nov.
TITANIA	Mersa	4,200	600	7th Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

From this date through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1887.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemesich	4,600	650	14th Sept.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street,
Bombay, Aug. 24, 1887

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

"BAHADUR" CHEROOTS.

SPECIAL MERITS of which are—

(1.) That imported Java tobacco is used as covering leaf, thereby allaying the great pungency of the Indian tobacco.
(2.) That only the finest leaf is used in the Manufacture.
(3.) That the very tight rolling—one of the great drawbacks of Indian Cheroots—is avoided.
(4.) That there is complete uniformity in quality.

Price for No. 1 ..... Rs. 29 nett per 1,000.
Do. " " 2 ..... " 27 " " "
Do. " " 3 ..... " 26 " " "

These Cheroots can be obtained wholesale from Messrs. McDOWELL & Co., Madras, D. MACROPOLO, Agent in Bombay, or of any Merchants.

HISTORY OF THE PARSIS

INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION.

BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other Illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

PUBLISHED BY
MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart-row.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 16th September 1887, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "KILWA," 1,552 tons, on MONDAY, 12th September, (on arrival of Outward English Mails) calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 14th September, at 5 p.m. calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on TUESDAY, the 6th October, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th September, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, Sept. 9, 1887. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any Railway Station in India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route* and available by—

ALL TRAINS AND ANY LINE OF STEAMERS.

Through Bookings to London *at lowest rates.* Quotations and every information re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, &c., freely given. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels.

Cook's Traveller's Gazette, yearly Subscription Rs. 3, with the Howard Vincent Map of the World (Just published).

Address—THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY: RAMPART-ROW, FORT.
CALCUTTA: 11 Old Court House Street.

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DRY PLATES.

The Company, having made special arrangements with the Manufacturers, are now enabled to quote at the following considerably Reduced Rates:—

Size..	Prices per dozen 4½ by 3½	6½ by 4½	8½ by 6½	10 by 8	12 by 10
Thomas's Pall Mall Extra Rapid	Rs. 1-4	2-8	4-12	7-4	12-8
Marion's Britannia Extra Rapid	" 1-3	2-12	5-0	9-0	13-0
Wratten and Wainwright's Instantaneous	" 1-10	3-12	7-0	10-8	17-0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ARTISTS' OIL COLOURS IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES.
WINSOR AND NEWTON'S.

THESE Colours are prepared with pigments of the purest quality, and being thoroughly ground in unadulterated Oil, they keep fresh and ready for use for lengthened periods.

	Cash prices.
Fourpenny Tubes of Colour ..... each	Rs. 0 4
Sixpenny " " ..... "	" 0 6
One Shilling " " ..... "	" 0 12
Eighteenpenny " " ..... "	" 1 0
Two Shillings " " ..... "	" 1 12
Four Shillings " " ..... "	" 2 8

VARNISHES. OILS. MEDIA.

BOXES OF OIL COLOURS.

FOR COLOURS CONTAINED IN THESE BOXES SEE OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

	Cash prices.
Half-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 Colours, Chalk, &c. ..... each	Rs. 7 0
Student's Box, fitted with 15 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	" 16 0
Thirty-Shilling Box, fitted with 20 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	" 21 8
Three-Guinea Box, fitted with 30 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	" 41 0
Studio Box, No. , fitted with 32 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	" 48 0
Five-Guinea Box, fitted with 40 Colours-Brushes, &c. ..... "	" 60 0

AND OTHER SIZES.

ARTISTS' CANVAS. SKETCHING TABLETS
ACADEMY BOARDS. PALETTES.
PREPARED MILL. PALETTE KNIVES.
BOARDS. MAHLSTICKS.
SLABS & MULLERS. DIPPERS.

FINE HOG-HAIR AND SABLE BRUSHES.
BADGER HAIR SOFTENERS.
VARNISH BRUSHES.
HANDBOOKS ON ART.
Illustrated Catalogues on Application.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

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IN STOCK.

Portable Platform Scales of all descriptions and sizes.
Cotton Weigher's Beam
Grocers' and Counter Scales
Union or Family Scales and Letter Balances, &c.
Sole Agents for Western India:
PUNNETT & Co., Bombay.
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TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing, Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

OUR LADIES' POPULAR GOLD WATCH.

A VERY pretty little Watch, well finished, Jewelled movements, accurate and reliable.

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Gold Crystal-faced Keyless ..... Rs. 50
Gold Hunting Keyless ..... " 65
Gold Half-hunting Keyless ..... " 70

All uniformly priced. May be had in PLAIN, ENGINE-TURNED or ENGRAVED CASE.

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,
Opposite Clock Tower, BOMBAY. | Opposite Napier Hotel, POONA.

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TREACHER & Co. are direct importers of the highest class of Instruments only. They are the sole manufacture of a leading London Maker, and are in use in the principal Government Offices, this being a sufficient guarantee for their accuracy and for their excellence of workmanship and finish. The Prices will be found to bear favourable comparison with the best London Houses.

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CASES BRASS INSTRUMENTS.
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COLOUR BOXES. CANVAS.
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TAYLOR'S VETERINARY MEDICINES.

G'S LINIMENT.
An effective Remedy for Mange, &c., per bottle, Re. 1-8
CONDITION POWDER.
An Excellent Tonic and Alterative, price Rs. 2 per box.

HOOF DRESSING.
For the cure of Brittle or Shelly Hoofs, per tin.
HORSE BALLS.
TONIC, APERIENT, COUGH, &c., per doz.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS, 35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

ITALIAN WINES.

We have been appointed Sole and Special Agents for the GENUINE ITALIAN WINES of the celebrated firm of

Messrs. FRANCESCO, CIRIO AND CO., TURIN,
Purveyors to H. M. the King of Italy.

These are the most delicious and most natural Wines made.

VINO DA TAVOLO.
Good Dinner Wine.
Light and Agreeable.
Per dozen, Rs. 14-8.

CASTEL RICALDONE.
A very good Dinner Wine.
Highly recommended.
Per dozen, Rs. 16-8.

CHIANTI.
Brolio, 1st quality.
recommended to invalids.
Per dozen, Rs. 18-0.

BAROLO.
Cavour, 1st quality, finest of Italian Red Wines.
Per dozen, Rs. 22-8.

CAPRI G. SCALA,
NAPLES (WHITE).
A delicious Wine.
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VERMOUTH CINZANO.
Finest and most delicate made.
Per dozen, Rs. 18-0.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

FANCY BALL COSTUMES.
AMATEUR THEATRICALS.
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SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN invite special attention to their designs for HISTORICAL, THEATRICAL, NATIONAL and FANCY COSTUMES, for Fancy Balls, Private Theatricals, &c. The greatest attention is given to accuracy in details.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN,
DRESSMAKERS, MILLINERS,
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY. | LADIES' OUTFITTERS. | EAST STREET, POONA.

NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!
OF
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

MANUFACTURED of Choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, carefully selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high class quality of which he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, Guaranteed quality, and PERFECT CONDITION, and Mr. Neuberg is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

CHEROOTS.	Per 1,000	Per 100
THOMSON'S PRIME	Rs. 22 0	Rs. 2 8
Do. No. 1	" 19 0	" 2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME	" 20 0	" 2 4
Do. No. 1	" 18 0	" 2 0
PASHAS No. 1	" 20 0	" 2 4
Do. No. 2	" 18 0	" 2 0
NONPAREIL	" 15 0	" 1 12

CIGARS:	Per 1,000	Per 100
HAVANNAHS, No. 1	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 2 12
Do. No. 2	" 22 0	" 2 8
Do. No. 3	" 18 0	" 2 0
REGALIAS	" 25 0	" 2 12

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

LIPP'S PIANOS,

SYMPATHETIC AND SEMI-GRAND.

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CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S INVALID'S PORT WINE.

RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 28-8 Net per dozen Quarts.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsule, and Label,

MARCKS'
"CAMP" OR "SHIKAREE" TIME-PIECE.

NEATLY FINISHED, ACCURATE, DURABLE and best value for the money.

Rs. 30 AND Rs. 35.

TO meet the requirements of several applicants for a CHEAP, WELL-FINISHED TIME-PIECE for Camp use, we have now manufactured a SOUND RELIABLE TIME-KEEPER in two sizes, and confidently recommend it to the public.

Brightly polished Nickel Case, with ring to hang against the tent pole or wall, all enclosed in a strong Case, with Strap.....3½ in. Rs. 30
Ditto ditto .....5 in. " 35

BOLD DIAL AND HANDS—GOES 8 DAYS IN ANY POSITION.

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MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SUPPLIERS OF HIGH CLASS TEAS TO THE ARMY AND NAVY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from COL. HAWES' Plantation) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable Selection of the Best and Cheapest KANGRA VALLEY TEA, possessing an exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real luxury to every Tea-drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our TEAS have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of Aroma.

REDUCED PRICES.—Orange Pekoe, Extra Fine, Rs. 1-10 per lb.; Unsorted Orange Pekoe, Pekoe and Combination, Rs. 1-6; Pekoe Souchong, Rs. 1-4; Eureka Mixture and Souchong, Rs. 1-2; Imperial Family Mixture, Rs. 1; Congou, As. 14; Superfine Bohea, As. 12; Broken Tea and Dust, As. 9.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO MESSES, CLUBS, COMMISSION AGENTS AND OTHER WHOLESALE BUYERS.

22, CHURCH GATE STREET. FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIRTS!
SHIRTS!!
SHIRTS!!!
THORPE AND CO.,

IN soliciting ORDERS, beg to inform their CONSTITUENTS that the SHIRT Department is superintended by a First-class London Cutter. GENTLEMEN may rely on a Well-fitting Shirt, strongly made, guaranteed to stand the rough usages of INDIAN Washing.

OXFORD-CLOTH SHIRTS.
The best Oxford-cloth or Jute, with Collars attached. Per ½ doz., Rs. 30.

ZEPHYR, OR TAFFETTA SHIRTS.
Soft and light, for Hot weather wear. Per ½ doz. Rs. 30.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.
Pretty designs, Paris manufacture, all Fast Colours, and durable materials. Shirts, Collars attached. Rs. 27 per ½ dozen.

LONG-CLOTH SHIRTS.
A capital Shirt for wearing under Uniform, or Troopship wear. Shirts, per ½ doz. Rs. 20.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.
Long-cloth, with Linen Fronts and Cuffs, ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 25.
Ex-fine Long-cloth do. do. ½ dozen for Rs. 27.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collar attached. ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 27.
Ex-fine Long-cloth, do. do. ½ dozen Rs. 30.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.
A large assortment of best wove Flannels, Silk and Wool, have just arrived, thoroughly shrunk and especially adapted for wear in India.
Flannel Shirt, each Rs. 8-8; Silk and Wool Shirt, each Rs. 8-8.

CRICKETING SHIRTS.
Best white Saxony Flannel, thoroughly shrunk Shirt, Rs. 8-8 each.

SPUN SILK SHIRTS.
Delightfully cool, and pleasant to the skin, Rs. 12-8 each.

MADE TO MEASURE OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.] ESTABLISHED 1850

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.,
BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS
KHETWADY, BOMBAY,
ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c.

ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS,

IRON ROOFS	CRANES	BEVEL AND ROPE GEARINGS
ROAD ROLLERS	CYLINDERS	
LAMP-POSTS	GATES	ORNAMENTAL AND
GIRDERS	RAILINGS	GENERAL CASTINGS
BRIDGES	COLUMNS	

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General, Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. It is under the direct supervision of a Practical European Superintendent. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines, Tools, etc., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers.

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SOCIETY will be held, in the Upper Hall, on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 5-30 p.m., when it is hoped all Members will endeavour to be present.

Business:—SUBMISSION of the ACCOUNTS and REPORT for 1886-87.

J. YOUNG,
Honorary Secretary.

TO LET, for the Season, "Craig Hall," "Monastry Bird's Nest," "Mulbry Cottage," "Rose Cottage," Mahableshwar. Apply to
HUREE RAOJEE,
VISHNU MAHADEO NAMJOSHI,
Executors of the Estates of the late Lieut-Col. J. Affleck, Somwarpeit, Poona.

THE LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 27, Apollo Street, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 27th September, 1887, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 30th June, 1887.
II. To declare a Dividend.
III. To approve of the appointment made by the Board of Directors of Mr. Gordhandas Khatau as a Director of the Company.
IV. To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
V. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 23rd to 30th September 1887, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
લખમીદાસ ખીમજી સન્સ એન્ડ કંપની.
i.e., LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SONS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 8th September, 1887.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the Lease of the several GOVERNMENT SALT WORKS mentioned below, situated in the Matunga Salt Taluka, together with the right to manufacture Salt therein for five years, viz., from the 15th November 1887 to the 14th November 1892:—

1. Sullemanshaw.
2. Shaikh Misri.
3. Rowli.
4. Vadala.
5. Siwri.

2. The Tenders may be for all or any one or more of the Works mentioned above.
3. They should be addressed to the Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, sealed and superscribed with the words "Tender for the Lease of Government Salt Works at Matunga," and should be delivered at the Custom House, Bombay, on or before the 1st November 1887.
4. Each Tender must be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 500 as a guarantee of the good faith of the Tenderer.
5. Tenders will be opened by the Chief Account Officer at NOON, on the 2nd November 1887, in the presence of any of the Tenderers who may attend, and their final disposal will rest with the Collector of Salt Revenue, who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any other Tender.
6. Persons whose offers may be accepted will be required, within seven days after receipt of notice of acceptance of their Tenders, to execute Leases in the usual form, copy of which may be seen at anytime during Office hours on application at the Collector's Office. They will also be required within the same period to deposit 25 per cent. of the amounts of their Tenders, which deposits will be held by the Collector as security for the due fulfilment of the terms of their agreements. In the event of any person whose Tender may be accepted failing to execute the Lease or to make the Deposit aforesaid within the period specified, the sum of Rs. 500 deposited by such defaulter at the time of delivering his Tender will be forfeited to Government.
7. The Lessee or Lessees of the Works will have to pay Municipal Rates leviable on the properties under Act III. of 1872, or any other Act or Acts in force.

W. PORTEOUS,
Acting Collector of Salt Revenue.
Camp Poona, 23rd August, 1887.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen-Defender of the Faith, Empress of India,

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of GOKALDAS VALABHDAS, late of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased.

DAYAL MOOLJI, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, one of the Executors named in the Will according to the tenor of the same Will...Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any Interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir CHARLES SARGENT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 5th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and in the Fifty-first year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

K. F. MODI.
The 5th day of September 1887.
Messrs. HORE, CONROY & BROWN,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

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Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	„ 55 0	Rs. 58 0
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	„ 52 0	„ 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	„ 58 0	„ 60 0
From Messrs. Deutz and Geldermann Ay-Champagne.		
Goldlack, Extra	Rs. ..	„ 47 0
STILL HOCKS. From G. M. Pabstmann, Sohn, Mayence. SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES		
Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	„ 16 0	„ 19 0
Geisenheimer	„ 17 0	..
Niersteiner	„ 19 0	..
Leibfraumilch	„ 21 0	„ 24 0
Steinwein	„ 23 0	..
Hochheimer Berg	„ 25 0	„ 28 0
Rudesheimer	„ 25 0	„ 28 0
Marcobrunner	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Johanisberger	„ 35 ..	..
FRENCH WHITE WINES. From A. Cupille, Macau Medoc.		
Sauterne	Rs. 20 0	...
PORT WINES. From J. W. Burmester, Oporto.		
Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0	—
Fine	„ 22 0	—
Very fine	„ 27 0	—
Most particular Preserved Old Red Port	„ 38 0	—
CLARETS. From Messrs. H. & C. Balaresque, Bordeaux.		
Chateau de Franda	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	„ 14 0	..
Les Canons	„ 16 0	„ 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	„ 16 0	—
Chateau Leoville	„ 19 0	—
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	„ 21 0	—
Chateau Lafitte	„ 23 0	—
Chateau Mauvesin	„ 27 0	—
From Munzer & Fils.		
Haut Canon	Rs. 15 0	—
Margaux Medoc	„ 17 0	—
Chateau Larose	„ 28 0	—
From A. Dupille, Macau Medoc.		
Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Cru de Barreyre	„ 18 0	...
From J. Romber & Sohn, Wien.		
Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	..
Chateau Roemer	„ 18 0	..
From Franz Scarvast.		
Carlowitz	Rs. 12 0	..
From Brandenburg Freres, Bordeaux.		
St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
„ Red Bar	„ 12 0	„ 14 0
Chateau Larose	„ 20 0	„ 22 0
BRANDY.		
H. Montroe's Three Stars	Rs. 17 0	
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	„ 21 0	
Cognac, Fine Champagne, Red Bars, from Munzer and Fils	„ 25 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Gold capsules	„ 27 0	
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules	„ 30 0	
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	„ 35 0	
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy***	„ 37 0	
BURGUNDY. From A. Dupille, Macau Medoc.		
Volnay	Rs. 21 0	
Chambertin	„ 28 0	
WHISKY.		
Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 25 0	
„ **	„ 23 0	
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	„ 21 0	

BEER.	Per doz. qts.	Per doz. pts
Bavarian Export Beer	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	„ 5 ..	..
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer	„ 6 0	„ 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	„ 5 4	„ 3 4
Grimm's „	„ 5 0	—
ITALIAN WINES.		
Vino Barola	Rs. 16 0	..
Vino Barbera	„ 15 0	..
Vino Grignolino	„ 15 0	..
Etna Rossa	„ 14 0	..
SUNDRIES.		
Italian Vermouth (Torino)	Rs. 15 0	..
Do. Finest	„ 18 0	..
Finest Kummel	„ 20 0	..
Chartreuse, Yellow	„ 63 0	..
Swiss Cheese in tins from lbs. 19 to 28,	Rs. 0 11	per lb.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

		Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality	½ lb. tin at	0 9
	1 do.	1 0
	2 do.	1 12

From Bush, Barnewitz & Co., Wolfenbuttel.	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs. 1 8
Do. middle size	„ 2 0	..
Celery	..	0 10
French Beans	..	0 10
Young Peas	..	0 12
Peas for Soup	..	0 12
Young Carrots	..	0 10
Spinage in Water	..	0 10
Small Sausages	..	1 6
Smoked Sausages	..	1 8

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.
No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.
Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row.
Bombay, June 28, 1887.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA OR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION.—Policies covering the risk of Fire on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay are issued by
REMINGTON & Co.,
Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.
Bombay, 16th August, 1875.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,800,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCREASE OF FUNDS.

	1885.	1886.
Income	£1,479,518	£1,515,165
General Reserve and Fire Re-Insurance Funds	£1,850,000	£1,870,000
Life and Annuity Funds	£3,698,612	£3,807,579
Total Invested Funds	£7,072,140	£7,324,034

The attention of intending Insurers is particularly directed to the enormous resources of this Company.

Reduced Life Rates:—Liberal terms. Large Bonuses. Next Division 31st Dec. 1888.

FIRE RISKS undertaken on Mills, Merchandise, Bungalows, and nearly every description of property in the Bombay Presidency on the most favourable terms.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.

The Security of this Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officer under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary-losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

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D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not therefore purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS,
W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND,
"AGENTS WANTED."

SARSAPARILLA.
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend our *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON (Member of the Pharmaceutical Society) 270 Regent St., London.

Sold in small, medium and large bottles.

CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co., ROGERS AND Co., SOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

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The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged as at our present ordinary rates.

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BOMBAY GAZETTE
BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

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BOMBAY GAZETTE
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Post Free.

Per Annum .... Rs. 12
Half-yearly .... „ 6
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BOMBAY GAZETTE
WEEKLY BUDGET.
Post Free.

Per Annum .... Rs. 12
Half-yearly .... „ 6
Quarterly .... „ 3

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BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 10th :—Nizam (s), from Glasgow. Yesterday :—Pachamba (s), Karachi.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 9th :—D Baldino (s), for Genoa. On the 10th :—Sahjehan (s), Coast aal Calcutta.

LOST.—Jumal Purkai, living at Chinch Bunder, reported to the police that he dropped a gold wristlet, valued Rs. 85, on Friday last, somewhere between his residence and Nagpada.

MEMORIAL TO SIR MAXWELL MELVILL.—Arrangements are in contemplation in Bombay amongst the friends and admirers of the late Sir Maxwell Melvill for raising a permanent memorial in his honour.

PARSEE CHARITY.—At the preformance of the third day's funeral ceremonies in connection with the death of Mr. Bomonjee Nusserwanjee Lowjee Wadia, the relatives and friends of the deceased subscribed a sum of Rs. 5,850, for charitable purposes.

STREET ACCIDENT.—Mrs. Fido, aged about 47 years, residing in No. 8, Grant Buildings, Colaba, was accidentally knocked down by a runaway horse, and sustained an injury to her right wrist on Friday afternoon.

THE THEFT AT MESSRS. MARCKS AND COMPANY.—Benjamin Reuben, a Beni-Israelite, who was charged with the theft of a diamond ring, valued Rs. 400, the property of Messrs. Marcks and Co., from their shop, on the 19th ultimo, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. Crawley-Boevey of the offence, and sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Harripursad Balcrishna, aged about 37 years, a hawker of grain, was on Saturday evening last admitted into the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital suffering from the effects of opium alleged to have been voluntarily administered to himself, owing to his present embarrassed circumstances. He is at present lying under treatment at the above hospital.

A WARNING TO STUDENTS.—It is but a few months ago that we were asking schoolmasters to preach upon the case of a young man sentenced to a long term of rigorous imprisonment for fraudulently altering the number of marks entered in His Public Service Certificate. We now have to comment upon another case in which a young Brahmin of Poona has been convicted of fraudulently altering his ages given in the same document and sentenced to imprisonment. It seems incredible that boys could run such terrible risks if they realized what they were doing, and we trust that these two case may become widely known and have a wholesome deterrent effect in the future.

ATTEMPTED MURDER AND SUICIDE.—Dhunna, a sweeper woman, aged about 30 years, living in the compound of the Indo-British Institution in Hornby Road, was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, on Saturday morning, at 7 o'clock, suffering from the effects of a wound on her throat apparently severing the wind-pipe which was alleged to have been inflicted on her by her paramour, Anunta Khumasee, with a razor. After inflicting the wound on the woman the man cut his own throat. He also was conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he is lying in a precarious condition. Mr. Ryan, the third Presidency Magistrate, attended the hospital, and took the woman's deposition.

THEFT FROM H. M.'S MINT.—Rama Balloo, a day-labourer employed in H. M.'s Mint, was on Saturday convicted by Mr. Crawley-Boevey of stealing five tolas weight of silver, valued Rs. 5, the property of Government. The accused, when leaving the Mint premises after work hours on Friday evening, was searched, and the piece of silver was found in his possession. He was handed over to the police. Mr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Melting Department of the Mint, urged the Magistrate to deal severely with the accused so as to deter others who are employed in the department from committing similar offences. The accused, on pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

MISSIONARY CONFERENCE ON INFANT MARRIAGE.—A largely attended meeting of the Bombay Missionary Conference was held, on Monday evening, at the house of the Rev. R. Scott, of the Free Church Mission. After the usual hour of open conversation the question of infant mariage—on which a communication had been received from the Rev. K. S. McDonald, Calcutta—was introduced. Amongst those who addressed the meeting were Rev. Messrs. Hume, Lateward, Stone, M. D., Tisdale, Wann, Nikambe, and Mr. Morris. There was a general concurrence of opinion, that the subject should be taken up by the conference earnestly and cautiously; and that wise and guarded legislation should be urged upon Government.—*Bombay Guardian.*

DEATH OF A NATIVE MISSIONARY.—We regret very much to have to announce the death of Rev. Ramkrishna Vinayak Modak, of the American Marathi Mission. He died at Ahmednagar rather unexpectedly on Monday morning, though he has been long in feeble health. He was converted in 1842 while a teacher in the American Mission. He was ordained in 1854. The greater part of his ministerial life has been spent at Ahmednagar, although he spent a few years as pastor of the American Mission Bombay Church. He was a man of much intellectual vigour, and often defended the Christian cause with special ability. He will be very specially missed at Ahmednagar, where he has filled the office of patriarch in the rising church.—*Bombay Guardian.*

DROWNED IN A WATER-COURSE.—An inquest was held by the coroner on Saturday at the Nepean Sea Road, touching the death of Bapoo Tookaram, aged 13 years. Deceased was the son of a dhoby, named Tookaram Kundoo, livinding in that locality. He was seen at 7-30 that morning coming from his house, and walking in a water-course leading down past his house. There was not much water when he went into the channel, but it was raining heavy at the time. The water suddenly increased and the deceased was carried away in it. He was stopped by a rock, and the water in large volumes rushing over him he was soon powerless. A dhoby, named Rama, pulled the boy out. He was dead. The verdict was that the death of the deceased was caused by his having been accidentally drowned in a water-course.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN NEWMAN HARDEN, C.S.—We deeply regret to have to announce the death of Mr. John Newman Harden, C.S., which took place at Ahmedabad on Monday last, after a short illness which lasted only a few hours. The deceased gentleman was seized with cholera in the afternoon and his death occurred at 9 o'clock in the evening of the same day. Mr. Harden, whose talents gave promise of a brilliant career and whose amiable qualities made him many friends, had been less than a year in India. His entrance into the Civil Service dates only from the 17th of September 1886 and he landed in Bombay upon the 27th of the following November. Having been placed under the orders of the Collector of Ahmedabad, he immediately left for that city and was appointed to the post of Assistant Collector on the 16th of February 1887. The deceased was well known as a devout and practising Catholic.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of Aug. 1887 :—

		Rs. 100 Prizes. Ans.	Nos.
Yellow Line,	Down		A 004681
Special Line,	Down		A 093725
		Rs. 10 Prizes.	
Red Line,	Up	2	028369
Special Line,	Down	2	074712
Yellow Line,	Up	2	107613
Green Line,	Down	2	130307
Red Line,	Up	1½	072172
Lavender Line,	Down	1½	096546
Special Line,	Down	1½	165936
Brown Line,	Down	1	565265
Yellow Line,	Up	1	926395
Green Line,	Up	1	A 006970
Special Line,	Down	1	A 108116
Do.	Down	1	A 110013
Do.	Down	1	A 157251
Green Line,	Down	1	133316
Special Line,	Up	1	230669

MAHOMEDWADI MURDER.—The police have arrested two ramusis of the village of Mahomedwadi as the murderers of the girl whose body was found under a prickly-pear hedge, with a gag in her mouth and without the ornaments on her person. They were placed before the First Class Magistrate of the Haveli Taluka, before whom they have made a full confession of their crime. The circumstances under which their victim was murdered are said to be these : Both accused, finding it impossible in their absurd opinion to obtain a decent means of living, planned the murder of the girl in order to obtain the ornaments with which they saw her adorned. In order to accomplish this, they enticed her away to the jungles on the pretence of bringing grass for sale and, when they had reached an out-of-the-way spot, one of them seized the child and threw her down. She must have resisted to the best of her strength and cried out for help, as a gag was found thrust into her mouth. The accused planted his knee on her chest and throttled her to death.—*Deccan Herald.*

THE LATE MR. H. FRANK SHANAHAN.—In our issue of the 15th of last April, says the *Bombay Catholic Examiner*, there appeared above the signature of the late lamented Mr. Thomas Duncan, who made himself the life and soul of the proposed undertaking, an appeal to the Bombay friends of the late Mr. Shanahan to subscribe towards the erection of a mural tablet to be placed in the Fort chapel in memory of the deceased gentleman. The appeal has been responded to, as we at the time felt convinced it would be, by Mr. Shanahan's numerous friends and school-fellows in Bombay, and the result has been that a marble tablet of considerable artistic merit and bearing an appropriate inscription has been placed in the west wall of the Fort Chapel. For the information of Mr. Shanahan's numerous friends, who may not have an opportunity of inspecting for themselves the memorial which has been erected in his honour, we append the terms of the inscription which accurately describe the sentiments of love and esteem entertained by all who knew him and their regret at his untimely death. "Of your charity pray for the soul of H. Frank Shanahan. Born at Colchester, England, January 2nd, 1859. Died fortified by the rites of the Church at Ahmedabad, November 28th, 1886. This tablet has been erected by his friends and former school-fellows as a small tribute of affection for one whose virtues they admired, whose friendship they prized, and whose early death they sincerely deplore. R. I. P."

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT BYCULLA.—On Saturday morning, at about a quarter to 4 o'clock, a one-storied chawl, situated on the New Foras Road and owned by Soojoodeen Tyabjee, was discovered to be on fire. The upper story was occupied by two Eurasian families, and the ground-floor of the chawl, which is divided into several compartments, was utilised as native grocers' shops and native residences. The fire is supposed to have originated in a grocer's shop belonging to Jeewajee Moosajee, who occupied one of the centre compartments of the chawl. It appears that he had a quantity of kerosine oil in stock. This ignited, and the fire spread with great rapidity in a very short time, and the whole chawl was in one mass of flames. On the alarm being raised, the Byculla steam fire engine repaired to the scene in quick time ; but the water-supply was very meagre indeed, and was only able to feed one jet fairly. The steam fire engines from Pydownee and the Fort soon followed and arrived at the scene of the disaster, but could only be used for a few minutes, owing to lack of water. By this time the upper portion of the chawl was completely destroyed, but the shops and residences on the ground-floor were saved. The greatest sufferers, amongst the occupants, were Messrs. Martin and Almeida who occupied the upper rooms. They had all their moveable property and almost every thing they possessed completely destroyed. The scanty supply of water unfortunately was in some measure compensated for by the heavy downpour of rain. The fire was brought under control by 6 o'clock. The damage is roughly estimated at about Rs. 6,350.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE eight ordinary general meeting of this company, was held on Saturday afternoon at the office of Mr N. M. Wadia, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, under the presidency of Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengallee.

The following was the directors' report :—

The directors beg to submit their report of the administration of the company's affairs during the twelve months ended 30th June last, together with the audited statements of profit and loss account and the balance sheet as standing on that date. The profit and loss account, it will be observed, shows a gain of Rs. 1,96,359-14-8, made up of the following items :—Profit on account of the mill Rs. 1,13.102-4 ; profit on other properties, Rs. 1,09,783. *Add*—Balance brought forward from last account, Rs. 2,474-10-8 ; total, Rs. 2,25,359-14-8. *Less*—Provision for mill depreciation, Rs. 25,000 ; transferred to mill employes compensation fund account Rs. 1,000 ; transfered to provision for bad debts account, Rs. 3,000 ; total, Rs. 1,96,359-14-8. Out of the above sum of Rs. 1,96,359-14-8 the directors have already paid Rs. 70,000 for the ad-interim half yearly dividend to 31st December 1886, at Rs. 17½ per share leaving a balance of Rs. 1,26,359-14-8 to be disposed of. The directors recommend that out of the above amount Rs, 1,20,000 be distributed to the Shareholders at the rate of Rs. 30 per share and the balance of Rs. 6,359-14-8 be carried forward to the credit of the profit and loss account of the current year. This will make the total distribution of dividend for the year under report at Rs. 47½ per share. The mill earnings during the past year the directors regard as satisfactory. There was a stoppage of more than nine days in September last on account of the break-down of the bottom bevel wheel which had to be replaced by a new one. The directors have in full working order the four ring throstle frames referred to in the last annual report ; and they have since added 2 flat revolving card engines and have besides ordered out one more preparation and 4 ring throstle frames to spin low counts which machinery is expected to arrive shortly. Having regard to the increasing value of land in Bombay, the directors have arranged with the Port Trustees to raise the rent of the Cotton Green ground, from next season, from Re. 1 to Rs. 1¼ per square yard. Bai Dayacore, widow of the late Morarbhoy Vizbhocundass, applied to the directors to purchase from them the Company's right, title, and interest in the 5,612 square yards of ground at Colaba on which part the Nicol Manufacturing Company's mill stands and which was originally leased to the late Hydraulic Press company. The directors have sold their title to the land for Rs. 2,77,300, being the capitalised amount at the rate of 4¼ per cent per annum of the annual rent of Rs. 11,785, which the company had hitherto received. The amount received by sale of the land as above mentioned, with such addition from the other funds of the company as may be desirable, the directors propose to invest in the extention of the company's cotton mill or in erecting a new spinning mill, with the newest approved machinery, in close proximity to the present building. Plans and specifications are now being prepared and the matter will receive the careful consideration of the board before any one of these two suggestions is adopted. In the meantime, a resolution will be submitted at the annual general meeting, with the view of obtaining an expression of the opinion of the shareholders regarding the course which the directors propose to take in this matter. The directors retiring by rotation in conformity with clause 91 of the articles of association are Messrs. George Cotton and Sorabjee Framjee Pateli both of whom are eligible for re-election. Mr. Cotton has left for Europe for 5 months with the consent of the board. In the absence of Mr. James Douglas from Bombay the directors have appointed Mr. John A. Douglas to act as an auditor of the company under the authority of clause 126 of the articles of association. The other auditor Mr. Jehangeer Gustadji appointed at the last general meeting of the shareholders having died. The directors have appointed Mr. Nusserwanji Sorabji Jamsetjee in his place under the same authority.

The directors report was adopted. The meeting approved the intention of the directors as stated in the report to extend the present cotton mill or to construct a new one adjoining to it. The cost to be paid out of the available funds in the hands of the directors A dividend at the rate of Rs. 30 per share was sanctioned. Messrs. George Cotton and Sorabji Framjee Patel were re-elected directors and Messrs. James Douglas and Nusserwanji Sorabji Jamsetji re-appointed auditors at a remuneration of Rs. 150

The usual vote of thanks to the chairman closed the proceedings.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, —In Disorders of the Skin, this safe and simple remedy produces remarkably beneficial effects. J. L. Milton, Esq., Surgeon to St. John's Hospital for Diseases of the Skins, writes :—" After carefully examining the effects of Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, and comparing them with those produced by other kinds of Cod Liver Oil. I have satisfied myself of its very great superiority. In some cases of lepra, eczema, lichen, and prurigo, I consider Dr. de Jongh's Oil invaluable." Sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists druggists and storekeepers. Sole consignees, Ansad Harford and Co., 210 High Holborn, London.

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CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

BY far the most interesting match of the wee ending the 19th ult., was that in which Surrey me Derbyshire, when the partisans of the former were occasioned a great deal of surprise. Derbyshire this season had not yet won a county match, and in their first engagement with Surrey earlier in the year were decisively beaten, the latter county scoring 491 in their first innings. Roller, Jones and Beaumont were absent from the home team, their places being filled by Henderson, E. Mills, and Adams. So exciting a neck-and-neck race for the century as that between Abel and Henderson in the Surrey and Derbyshire match, at the Oval, has seldom been witnessed. Under the leaden sky and the gloomy atmosphere it required more than ordinary cricket to raise even a semblance of enthusiasm in a game which, had it not been for the recent falling off in the play of the Southern county, would have been a foregone conclusion. When Abel went to the wickets shortly before lunch it was soon evident that he had recovered some of the form he exhibited at the beginning of the season. And when, shortly afterwards, Henderson joined him, it was speedily apparent that neither Cropper nor Walker had easy work before them. Henderson's batting yesterday surprised his best friends. Always a careful, if frequently an unfortunate bat, he hit with remarkable judgment and success on a wicket that troubled alike bowlers and batsmen. On more than half a dozen occasions he received attentions from the ball which would have placed a less courageous player *hors de combat.* Abel and he make capital partners. At the commencement of their association the former was fifteen to the good, but by seizing every opportunity Henderson was soon level, and at half-past four the two had completed their fifties. Thence the race was particularly close, each occasionally forging ahead. The excitement of the crowd grew apace. Henderson presently gave a chance, which was missed by somewhat loose fielding. At twenty minutes past five o'clock, the score was 80 all, each thus being within a score of the much-coveted century. The cheering at this point was prolonged, and much speculation as to the result of the next few minutes' play ensued. As it happened neither was successful, Abel's wicket falling for 84, and Henderson's, immediately afterwards, for 98—his best score for the county. The dismissal of Abel somewhat damped the ardour of the partisans of Surrey ; but the majority of the crowd were confident that Henderson, who was batting carefully and well, would attain the distinction attaching to the score of 100. When the telegraph board announced that he was within a couple of the much desired number his particular supporters were jubilant. But to the regret of all admirers of good Cricket Henderson at this point appeared to bat somewhat nervously and suddenly succumbed. He was received with much cheering, a great portion of which testified to the regret that he should have so narrowly missed his century rather than pleasure that Derbyshire had got rid of a dangerous opponent. Having defeated every county once, and with a score of ten out of twelve matches of the first order to its credit, any other team than the Surrey might rest content on its laurels. The County is notoriously a fine wicket team, and the representatives selected for the Lancashire match were in no way equal to the average. Mr. Shuter has asserted that the alleged falling-off in the play of his men is no falling-off at all, and that in addition to peculiar ill-luck, Surrey has been expected to achieve that which no great cricket team ever yet attained—an unbroken series of victories. He says that in requiring of the team to maintain the remarkable excellence it exhibited during the first months of the season the critics lost sight altogether of the glorious uncertainties of the game. In this Mr. Shutter is supported by prominent members of the eleven, who believe that on a good wicket the Southern men are invincible ; and who attribute Surrey's two defeats solely to the mishaps to its men, to the rough wickets, and also to Abel's unfortunate failure when playing against Lancashire. Surrey perhaps play a little too eagerly to win, preferring to risk defeat rather than except an undecided or drawn game. Yesterday the home cricketers certainly exhibited no special falling-off. Mr. Read did not shine very brilliantly, perhaps, and the last three batmen were decidely weak. It must not be forgotten, however, that in Cropper and Walker Derbyshire has a brace of excellent bowlers. The kangaroo-like leap of the former is apt to arouse merriment, but his delivery is much more effective than might appear to the casual critic. Davidson, too, has lost none of his cunning, though he failed to achieve great things. And if Derbyshire has not hitherto played as well as it might, in this latest contest it has shown signs of improvement. In defeating the Derbyshire men, therefore, Surrey won no petty victory. At the same time Derbyshire is considered to have finished her season so far as first-class cricket is concerned. Year after year has found the Midland county at the bottom of the list and can hardly be entitled in future to rank as a first-class county.

There is a great deal of talk nowadays about the superiority of the bat over the ball and frequent proposals are made to widen or heighten the wickets. No doubt on dry hard perfect wickets such as have been the rule during this most exceptional season the bat has a great advantage, especially when the fielding has been loose and catches have been dropped. Even under these circumstances, however, really good bowling combined with smart fielding enabled the Players to score two decisive victories over strong batting teams of Gentlemen whom they succeeded in dismissing for small totals. But when after rain the wickets are slow and uncertain then the ball asserts its superiority and only small totals are made. Thus after the thunderstorm of Wednesday, Notts on Thursday morning were all out for 92 while Yorkshire could only make 123 against Surrey. Probably professional bowling is better now both in quantity and quality than ever before. Modern cricket-grounds are like billiard-tables, and when they are hard and dry a bad bowler is useless against first-class batsmen. On certain wickets any bowler will be almost innocuous. Even Lohmann cannot always meet with success. But when Barlow can take eight Notts wickets for 26 runs bowlers need not wholly despair. The analyses subjoined to the scores of the various matches below will prove in bowling as well as batting that excellent play has been made.

SURREY *vs.* DERBYSHIRE.

The score at this match to which we have referred above was :—

SURREY.

Abel, c Disney, b Davidson	4	b Davidson	84
J Shuter, c Chatterton, b Walker	21	b Walker	43
K J Key, b Walker	95	c Disney, b Cropper	30
W W Read, c and b Walker	11	b Cropper	23
Read, c Storer, b Walker	4	c Sugg, b Hulme	23
Lohmann, b Davidson	11	b Cropper	8
Henderson, b Davidson	4	c Disney, b Hulme	98
Wood b Walker	0	b Davidson	18
E Mills, c Disney, b Davidson	0	b Hulme	1
Bowley, b Davidson	1	not out	1
Adams, not out	0	l b w, b Davidson	4
L b	1	B 17, l b 6, n b 1	24
Total	152	Total	383

DERBYSHIRE.

Sugg, b Bowley	2	b Bowley	1
Ratcliff, b Bowley	64	b Lohmann	4
Cropper, b Mills	16	c Wood b Abel	0
Chatterton, c Henderson, b Abel	11	run out	0
Davidson, run out	21	l b w, b Abel	2
Marshall, c Mills, b Lohmann	10	c Key, b Abel	5
Storer, st Adams, b Lohmann	4	c Henderson, b Lohmann	7
Coupe, c W W Read, b Lohmann	0	not out	5
Disney, c W W Read, b Lohmann	0	b Abel	4
G G Walker, not out	19	b Abel	5
Hulme, c Adams, b Lohmann	9	b Abel	7
B 10, l b 7, w 1	18	B 1, l b 1	2
Total	174	Total	42

SURREY—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Cropper	11	6	17	0	Walker	28.1	14	49	5
Davidson	36	13	67	5	Hulme	3	1	18	0

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Walker	45	18	89	1	Chatterton	17	10	20	0
Davidson	34	11	90	3	Sugg	14	5	25	0
Hulme	26	10	57	3	Storer	8	0	18	0
Cropper	31	19	40	3					

Walker bowled a no ball.

DERBYSHIRE—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Bowley	22	12	38	2	Henderson	8	3	8	0
Lohmann	2	12	55	5	M Read	3	1	6	0
Mills	20	10	26	1	W W Read	3	1	9	0
Abel	15	8	16	1					

M. Read bowled a wide.

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Lohmann	25	12	21	2	Abel	21.2	16	15	8
Bowley	2	1	1	2					

SURREY v. LANCASHIRE.

The week's matches included several notable contests in which splendid cricket was played. On Friday (the 12th August) the Surrey v. Lancashire match was resumed. At the finish the score stood :—

LANCASHIRE.

A. N. Hornby, c W. W. Read, b Lohmann	3	b Lohmann	10
Barlow, c and b Mills	28	c Abel, b Bowley	10
Sugg, c Adams, b Abel	20	c Shuter, b Mills	9
J. Eccles, b Lohmann	7	b Lohmann	46
Briggs, b Lohmann	5	c and b Lohmann	19
G. Jowett, not out	23	b Mills	7
Robinson, c Key b Lohmann	17	c Henderson, b Lohmann	0
O P Lancashire, b Lohmann	0	l b w, b M Read	29
Yates, c Mills, b Lohmann	0	b Lohmann	0
Watson, c Henderson, b Lohmann	1	c Key, b M Read	37
Pilling, b Lohmann	8	not out	1
B 8, l b 2	10	B 8, l b 5	13
Total	121	Total	270

SURREY.

Abel, h w, b Briggs	7	b Watson	9
J Shuter, b Watson	0	b Briggs	0
K J Key, l b w, b Briggs	7	l b w, b Briggs	4
W W Read, c Pilling, b Briggs	2	b Briggs	8
		c and b Barlow	36
Read, b Barlow	33	c Briggs, b Barlow	60
Lohmann, b Barlow	15	b Briggs	18
Henderson, b Barlow	2	run out	15
G W Ricketts, b Briggs	2	c Pilling, b Watson	50
E Mills, b Barlow	2	not out	0
Bowley, c Briggs b Barlow	1	c Yates, b Briggs	9
Adams, not out	0	B	1
B 8, l b 9	17		
Total	79	Total	165

LANCASHIRE—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Bowley	15	5	29	0					
Lohmann	30·1	26	36	8	Mills	22	12	20	1
Abel	7	1	14	1	W W Read	4	1	12	0

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Bowley	21	3	49	1					
Lohmann	50	26	75	5	W W Read	4	0	13	0
Abel	10	1	29	0	M Read	12·3	6	25	2
Mills	25	12	39	2	Ricketts	8	5	12	0
					Henderson	8	3	15	0

SURREY—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wastson	18	10	27	1					
Briggs	31·3	19	24	1	Barlow	14	71	11	5

SURREY—Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Watson	59	32	87	2	Barlow	17	7	32	2
Briggs	53·3	33	45	5					

YORKSHIRE v. MIDDLESEX.

It is not a little singular that Yorkshire, who in the matter of tall scoring have been responsible for some remarkable performances of late, should at length have their own bowling resources taxed to the utmost.

MIDDLESEX.

A J Webbe, c Hunter, b Preston	17	not out	243
A E Stoddart, c Bates, b Emmett	13	c Hunter, b Preston	20
J G Walker, c Hunter, b Preston	20	c Hunter, b Preston	0
T C O'Brien, c Lee b Preston	0	c Lee, b Preston	78
G F Vernon, c Hunter, b Emmett	4	c Hall, b Ulyett	20
Hon A Lyttelton, c Ulyett, b Preston	5	c Lee, b Emmett	40
F G J Ford, c Lee, b Preston	0	l b w b, Emmett	58
Burton, c Bates, b Preston	0	b Peel	2
J P Paravicini, c Bates, b Peel	20	c Bates, b Peel	15
West, not out	18	c Hall, b Emmett	19
J Robertson, c Wade, b Preston	24	c Bates, b Preston	8
Extras	9	Extras	24
Total	130	Total	527

YORKSHIRE.

Ulyett, c Paravicini, b Burton	57		
Hall, c O'Brien, b West	0		
Lee, c Stoddart, b West	12		
Hon M B Hawke, run out	34		
Bates, c Lyttel on, b West	18		
Wade, c Paravicini, b Ford	13		
Peel, c Ford, b West	4		
Preston, c Burton, b Ford	1		
Denton, c Paravicini, b Ford	0	not out	4
Emmett, not out	4	c Vernon, b West	4
Hunter b Ford	0	l b w, b Ford	1
Extras	4	Extras	4
Total	181	Total	13

MIDDLESEX—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Ulyett	4	2	9	0	Preston	23·1	10	55	7
Emmett	21	9	40	2	Peel	6	1	17	1

Emmett bowled a wide.

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Preston	55.1	18	153	4	Bates	31	10	72	0
Emmett	34	7	102	3	Ulyett	13	3	38	1
Peel	38	17	65	2	Hall	5	0	23	0
Wade	19	5	50	0					

Emmett bowled four wides, and Preston and Ulyett one each.

YORKSHIRE—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
West	29	8	74	4	Webbe	2	0	17	0
Burton	14	3	53	1	Ford	13	8	17	4
Robertson	8	4	15	0					

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
West	2	0	6	1	Ford	1·1	0	3	1

ESSEX v. SOMERSETSHIRE.

Essex, who had played so well in their follow on, were 163 runs ahead, when Somersetshire commenced their second innings. The necessary 164 runs to win were made at a quarter to four, when Sainsbury and Newton were together, victory being gained by Somersetshire by three wickets. Score :—

SOMERSETSHIRE.

R. Sainsbury, b Bishop	71	not out	29
Nichols, b Bryan	0	b Bryan	5
J. B. Challen, c Bastow, b Bishop.	3	run out	27
A. E. Clapp, b Pickett	30	c Bastow, b Bishop	6
W. N. Roe, b Pickett	69	c Owen, b Bryan	52
Fothergill, b Bishop	0	b Bishop	0
H. T. Hewett, b Bryan	14	c Fowler, b Bryan	1
S. M. J. Woods, not out	36	c Fowler, b Bishop	0
A. E. Newton, b Bishop	0	not out	47
T. Spencer, b Bishop	5		
E. W. Bastard, b Bryan	21		
B 5, l b 6	11		
Total	260	Total	167

ESSEX.

C. D. Buxton, b Woods	0	b Nicholls	46
H. G. Owen, b Fothergill	19	b Roe	31
Almond, b Woods	9	c Hewett, b Bastard	32
H. Boyton, b Bastard	1	b Roe	49
Bastow, c Bastard, b Fothergill	27	c Roe, b Fothergill	15
H. Fowler, b Fothergill	31	c Hewett, b Bastard	4
R P Sewell, c Roe, b Fothergill	19	b Nicholls	5
C. E. Green, b Bastard	13	b Nicholls	10
F. A Bishop, run out	13	c Hewett, b Woods	15
Pickett, b Bastard	0	c Fothergill, b Woods	6
Bryan, not out	1	not out	11
L b 5	5	B 5, l b 2, w 1	8
Total	138	Total	2[illegible]5

SOMERSETSHIRE.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Bishop	66	30	87	5	Buxton	10	1	29	0
Bryan	48	21	67	3	Sewell	3	1	5	0
Pickett	33	11	56	2	Almond	1	0	5	0

ESSEX.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Bastard	23	12	33	3	Nichols	7	4	14	0
Woods	30	10	63	2	Fothergill	13	5	23	4

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Fothergill	30	13	55	1	Bastard	19	4	50	2
Roe	39	17	73	2	Nichols	20	7	39	3
Woods	26·1	5	60	2					

Woods bowled one wide.

Umpires—Jupp and Street.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE *VS.* LANCASHIRE.

It will be remembered that Lancashire contributed 252 in their first innings, and Gloucestershire had to follow on, but did so well at the second attempt that when stumps were drawn they were 93 runs to the good, and had two wickets to fall. On resuming however, 25 minutes' play sufficed to bring the innings to a close for 219, or an addition of 6 only. Lancashire were thus set to obtain 100 runs to win, a task they commenced at 3·45, and completed at 5·20, Lancashire having six wickets to fall. Score :

LANCASHIRE.

A N Hornby, b Roberts	7	c E M Grace, b Roberts	0
Barlow, c Page, b Roberts	19	c and b Roberts	24
F Sugg, c Boughton, b Roberts	0	c W G Grace, b Woof	35
J Eccles, c Townsend, b E M Grace	113	c E M Grace, b Woof	3
Briggs, c Woof, b Page	41	not out	28
G Jowett, b Roberts	21	not out	12
Robinson, c Painter, b E M Grace	1		
O P Lancashire, c Pullen, b E M Grace	8		
Yates, c W G Grace, b Page	21		
Watson, c Painter, b E M Grace	2		
Pilling, not out	8		
Extras	11		
Total	252	Total	103

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

Dr E M Grace, b Barlow	5	b Barlow	30
O G Radcliffe, c Watson, c Briggs	15	b Barlow	28
E L Griffiths, b Barlow	0	not out	14
Dr W G Grace, b Barlow	23	c Pilling, be Yates	23
W W F Pullen, b Barlow	49	c and b Sugg	4
F Townsend, b Briggs	4	c Yates, b Briggs	37
H V Page, c Hornby, b Brigg	3	c Sugg, b Yates	53
Painter, c Watson, b Briggs	10	c Watson	2
H J Boughton, not out	12	c and b Sugg	16
Woof, c and b Briggs	2	run out	4
Roberts, c Jewett, b Watson	7	b Briggs	2
Extras	3	Extras	6
Total	133	Total	219

LANCASHIRE—FIRST INNINGS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Roberts	34	7	94	4	Page	28	15	48	2
Woof	25	13	30	0	E M Grace	18.2	6	30	4
W G Grace	26	7	39	0					

SECOND INNINGS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Woof	23.1	10	34	2	W G Grace	8	2	19	0
Roberts	21	11	39	2	Page	2	0	11	0

GLOUCESTERSHIRE—FIRST INNINGS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Watson	10.2	6	11	1	Barlow	33	12	55	4
Briggs	43	21	65	5					

SECOND INNINGS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Barlow	33	14	69	2	Sugg	8	0	20	2
Briggs	57.3	32	71	2	Watson	29	14	42	1
Yates	14	9	11	2					

NOTTS v. MIDDLESEX.

Some extraordinary cricket was witnessed at the Trent Bridge Grounds, Nottingham, on the occasion of the return match between these counties. Winning the toss, Notts batted first, and from five minutes past noon until 6·30 they remained at the wickets, and compiled a capital score of 312 for the loss of only two wickets. Stoddart and Lucas were given a trial, but 167 runs were put on ere Scotton, who had been batting three hours and ten minutes, was caught at slip by West off Robertson. He had played good sound cricket for 51 which included four 4's, five 3's, and four 2's. With the appearance of Barnes, however, another spell of leather-hunting was in store for the visitors, as, playing perfect cricket, and hitting the numerous bowlers with freedom, the batsmen added 10 after 10, and when stumps were drawn Shrewsbury was not out 171 and Barnes not out 66. This is the seventh time during the season that the former has exceeded the century in a first class match and at present he has the wonderful average of 97 for his country. Score.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.

A Shrewsbury, b Robertson	267	F Shacklock, c Webbe, b Burton	1
W Scotton, c West, b Robertson	51	H Richardson, b Webbe	37
W Gunn, c Walker, b Robertson	13	W Attewell, c Webbe, b Burton	0
W Barnes, b Ford	115	J Carlin, not out	23
H B Daft, b Robertson	39		
W Flowers, b Robertson	23		
F Butler, c Walker, b Robertson	4		
		Extras	24
		Total	596

MIDDLESEX.

A J Webbe, c Shrewsbury, b Flowers	8		
A E Stoddart, b Flowers	17	b Attewell	15
A P Lucas, c Barnes, b Shacklock	9	not out	6
J G Walker, c Carlin, b Shacklock	1	not out	8
T C O'Brien, not out	50	b Attewell	3
G F Vernon, c Gunn, b Barnes	56		
F G J Ford, c Gunn, b Barnes	11		
West, c and b Barnes	0		
Burton, b Flowers	6		
J Robertson, b Barnes	0		
F T Welman, c Attewell, b Flowers	5		
Extras	13	Extras	9
Total	179	Total	41

NOTTS—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
West	69	39	99	0	Stoddart	27	7	64	0
Burton	82	41	95	2	Lucas	14	6	19	0
Robertson	90	31	163	6	Webbe	78·1	47	61	1
Ford	33	16	55	1	O'Brien	16	5	36	0

MIDDLESEX—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Barnes	35	17	50	4	Flowers	39·2	25	39	4
Richardson	17	9	16	0	Shacklock	18	7	45	2
Attewell	28	22	16	0					

Second Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Barnes	15	8	20	0	Shacklock	7	5	4	0
Attewell	21	15	8	2	Scotton	1	1	0	0

On Thursday, the Nottinghamshire against Lancashire was opened and when the mail left Notts had secured 92 and Lancashire 96 for the loss of three wickets.

THE COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

The subjoined table shows the present positions of the various counties. The figures within parentheses indicate the day on which their last match commences :—

	Matches.	Already played.	Won.	Lost.	Dr.
Derbyshire (Aug 15)	6	5	0	5	0
Gloucestershire (Aug 25.	14	11	1	7	3
Kent (Aug 29)	14	11	1	7	3
Lancashire (Aug 25)	14	10	7	2	1
Middlesex (Aug 22)	10	8	3	2	3
Notts (Aug 29)	14	9	6	2	1
Surrey (Aug 29)	16	12	10	2	0
Sussex (Aug 29)	12	8	2	6	0
Yorkshire (Aug 25)	16	12	5	2	5

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE fourth Criminal Sessions of the High Court opened on Saturday under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley. The cases were tried before his Lordship and a common jury. An application for the attendance of a special jury was made in connection with the Belgaum case, but was refused.

ACQUITTED OF MURDER FOR WANT OF EVIDENCE.

Vishnoo Hurree, a young Hindu, was charged with murder in causing the death of Bhagoo, woman on the 3rd April last at Bombay. The Hon. Mr. Macpherson, Advocate General, appeared for the Crown ; and Mr. Mankar for the prisoner.

Mr. Macpherson said that, under section 333 of the Criminal Procedure Code, he thought it proper to inform the Court that he would not proceed further with the charge of murder against the prisoner. By that proceeding, the prisoner would be entitled to a discharge, which, however, would not be equivalent to an acquittal. If his Lordship would not allow that course to be adopted, the learned Counsel would ask the Court under section 273 of the Code, to make an entry that at present the charge against the prisoner was unsustainable. The alleged murder was that of a woman who was last seen or heard of in April last, but no particulars of her disappearance could be ascertained. In July last, when the sister of the deceased went to see her, she found the door of her room closed. The police, on information received, forced open the door and found an empty wooden box in the room. Deceased used to keep her ornaments in that box. The police, after enquires into the matter, arrested four persons, in whose possession some of the deceased's ornaments were found. Prisoner was one of them : but he could not be convicted of the murder of the woman simply upon the fact of being in possession of some of her ornaments. The other persons arrested by the police were Arjoon, who had turned an approver and who had been tendered a pardon, and two women, against whom there was not a tittle of evidence. The body of the deceased woman had not been found, and every effort made by the police to recover it was in vain. It was true that the prisoner had made different statements at different times, but they were all misleading and did not help the police in any way. The evidence of the accomplice was direct against the prisoner, but it required corroboration ; and there was no corroboration whatever in the present case. Some of the ornaments were found with the accused, but it was only circumstantial evidence of the murder. It had been held that no conviction or a charge of murder could be sustained unless the body of the deceased was found. One of the rulings of Vice-Chanceller Matthew Hall, to which reference was made, was that no person could be convicted of murder until the body of the deceased was found. It would be wrong to convict the prisoner upon mere circumstantial evidence or on the uncorroborated evidence of an accomplice. The learned Counsel proposed to adopt the course referred to, because if the case was proceeded with, it would be a mere waste of time of the Court and of the public.

Mr. Mankar was about to address the Court on behalf of the accused.

His Lordship, stopping him, said he agreed with the Advocate-General as to the course he proposed to adopt. His Lordship had carefully gone through the depositions ; and he at once came to the conclusion that there was no evidence of a murder having been committed or that the prisoner was the murderer. The law was very clear upon the point. His Lordship referred to a case decided at Tanna in which the accused was convicted upon the evidence of an accomplice. The accused filed an appeal which was heard before Sir Michael Westropp, Chief Justice, and another judge ; and the conviction was quashed.

His Lordship said the woman alleged to have been murdered might be alive that day. If the case was proceeded with, it would be his Lordship's duty to ask the jury to discard the evidence of the accomplice, and the result would be an acquittal. It would also be a waste of the time of the jury and of the public. If further evidence turned up hereafter, there was nothing to prevent the authorities from proceeding with the charge against the prisoner. Prisoner was then discharged.

EXEMPTED FROM SERVICE ON THE JURY.

The Hon. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by the Government Solicitor, applied for the exemption of Messrs. Balcrisha Atmaram and Mr. Felix Leo, both Government servants, from service on the jury at the present Sessions on the ground that they could not be spared on account of pressure of work. The former was a superintendent in the General department of the Secretariat ; and the latter was Assistant Secretary in the Judicial department. His lordship granted the application.

AN OLD OFFENDER.

Mowsha Chimnajee was charged with theft of a purse containing thirteen annas, the property of Balloo Sonoo. He admitted a previous conviction at the Sessions of this Court in November 1882. Sentence was reserved.

DEATH CAUSED BY MISCARRIAGE.

Caietan Manuel Pereira, a Native Christian, and James Johnstone, a European, were charged with causing the death of Mary Croakes by an act done with intent to cause miscarriage. Mr. Russell, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown ; and Mr. Jardine and Mr. Branson appeared for the first and second accused respectively.

Before the case was formally called on, Mr. Russell applied for a trial before a special jury according to instructions which he had received. The learned Counsel said he would leave the matter entirely in the hands of the Court.

Mr. Jardine remarked that he could see no special circumstances in the case which should induce his Lordship to grant a trial before a special jury.

His Lordship refused the application ; and the trial was proceeded with before a common jury.

Mr. Branson, on behalf of the second prisoner, who was a European, asked for a jury, the majority of whom were Europeans.

The application was granted.

Mr. Russell, in addressing the jury, said that the first prisoner was a medical man practising at Belgaum, while the second was Paymaster of the Battalion of the Rifle Brigade. In September 1886, the battalion was under orders to proceed to Burma, and did so. A sergeant of the name of Croakes went with the regiment to Burma, leaving his wife behind him at Belgaum. An improper intimacy sprang up between Mrs. Croakes and the second accused. On the 27th April last, she was three or four months in the family way. About 7 p.m. that day, she left her house with the second accused, and they were seen going in a particular direction by Mrs. Croakes's daughter, a girl about ten years of age. They walked a little way towards the bazaar, and then getting into a *dumnee* carriage, drove to the house of the first accused. They were followed by an old Native Christian woman, named Mary Anne, *alias* Granny, who did domestic work for Mrs. Croakes. A short time after Granny, had arrived at the house of the first accused, Mrs. Croakes called her in ; and she entered a room where her mistress and the two accused were. She was an eye witness of the proceedings in which both the accused took a part. Mrs. Croakes and the second accused then returned in a bullock waggon to the residence of the latter. When Mrs. Croakes returned home subsequently, she was seen by her daughter and her ayah to be in an extremely debiliated condition, and she complained of much pain. For about three days, the second accused attended on her day and night. Mrs. Croakes became worse and was taken to the station hospital, where she died in a few days from the effects of tetanus. The learned Counsel said he had received a communication from the other side, requesting him to call before the jury a woman of the name of Mary Wyles, who was examined as a witness at the inquest on the body of the deceased woman. In consequence of that communication, he had a consultation with the Advocate-General, who agreed with him in thinking that it was the duty of the prosecuting Counsel to lay before the jury all evidence, whether it was in favour of or against the accused. His Lordship would agree with the learned Counsel that he could not have followed a better adviser under the circumstances. The woman Mary Wyles had stated at the inquest that the deceased told her that the act was done by a native woman whose name she declined to give. The learned Counsel left it to the jury to consider upon the evidence whether or not it was possible, under the circumstances, that the deceased woman would, in her dying moments, say anything to get the accused into trouble. The second accused was sent down for trial to Bombay, because he was a European British subject.

At the close of the evidence for the prosecution, Mr. Russell summed up the case to the jury as far as it had gone. The Court then adjourned until this (Monday) morning. The jury were allowed to separate with the usual caution.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE CAMBAY CASE.

THE native papers do not regard with satisfaction the Secretary of State's final decision in the Cambay case. They contend that Lord Cross, being unacquainted with the practical details of Indian administration, and especially with the curious relations which in some cases subsist between the Political Agent and native States, was not at all the best of persons to take a correct view of a case of this nature. The Civilians who conducted an elaborate inquiry into the charges, and the Bombay Government which upheld the decision of the Commissioners against Mr. Wilson, were in a far better position to weigh the evidence than either the Secretary of State or the Lord Chancellor, whose authority the Secretary of State cites in his favour. The *Jam-e-Jamshed* is one of the vernacular papers which advance these arguments in criticising Lord Cross's despatch. It is contended in this document that if the infamous proposal had really been made to Mr. Shamrao, he would not have been anxious afterwards to cultivate friendly relations with Mr. Wilson. But the *Jame* says that such a contention implies the natural ignorance of the Secretary of State as to the relative position of a Dewan and a Political Agent in charge of a native State. The Political Agent is generally an autocrat whose pleasure the Dewan feels himself often compelled to serve. The paper condemns the weakness of Mr. Shamrao and his evident desire to cling to his place anyhow. But the sacrifice which he had made of his personal dignity and even of his natural instincts for a time to his love of office did not by any means afford a conclusive proof of the groundlessness of the charge subsequently made by him. If the culpable weakness shown by the Dewan in trying to curry favour with the Political Agent were to be regarded as a presumptive evidence in favour of Mr. Wilson, the weakness of Mr. Wilson in lying asleep for days over the monstrous charge, and even trying to resume friendly relations with the person who had made it ought by a similar reasoning to have been held as a strong presumptive evidence of his guilt. Although the paper does not admit the justice of the final decision, it is not quite sorry that the dispute has come to such an ending. Mr. Wilson has already suffered much, and the paper is satisfied with the punishment he has indirectly sustained, and his retirement from the service.

The *Bombay Samachar* sees no reason to alter its opinion of the merits of the case, after reading the Secretary of State's despatch. The document is by no means convincing in its arguments, but the paper is satisfied with the retirement of Mr. Wilson, because it terminates an unpleasant discussion which might otherwise have been prolonged. The writer believes that if the salutary lessons to be derived from this case were taken to heart in certain quarters, the inquiry will not have been made in vain.

The *Gujerati* condemns in strong language the Secretary of State's despatch. "It is written," the paper says, "in entire ignorance of the arbitrary power often exercised by Political Agents over the kings and karbharis of native States. The Political Agent is the king, and the queen rolled into one. He is their paramount lord, and their all in all; their life, their soul. He is to them what the Maharaj is to the Vaishnavs. Noody would dare raise his voice against him, and Mr. Shamrao had additional reason to hold his peace and to get into the good graces of Mr. Wilson in his desire to obtain a nice certificate from him. It appears as if the State Secretary was resolved anyhow to defend Mr. Wilson's honour, and to wipe off a stain from the fair name of the Civil Service."

The Conservative Secretary of State adds that he has consulted the Lord Chancellor in deciding the Cambay Case—a fact which argues his sense of impartiality, as it shows the high esteem in which the Liberal Governor of Bombay is held by his Lordship in Council. The Lord Chancellor concurs with the Secretary of State's decision. We cannot complain of any such concurrence, though it is of very little value in itself and rather shows the weakness of the cause thus sought to be propped up. Those who carp at the action of the Government of Bombay forget that the latter were guided by an eminent judicial authority like Sir Maxwell Melvill, after the case had been carefully gone into under circumstances decidedly more favourable to the accused than to the complainant. But for all practical purposes the difference between the Secretary of State and the Government of Bombay seems to us to be immaterial, caused as much by the influence of time and place as by irresistible class interests. What has to be noted by way of conclusion is that Mr. Wilson was suspended by the Government of Bombay and that this suspension has been virtually confirmed on appeal.—*Indian Spectator.*

If proof were wanting to show the mischief the India Council does, this case would leave no doubt in the minds of impartial persons. High character is sought to be given to the decision by quoting the authority of the Lord Chancellor. But whatever the weight of that name, and we grant that it is great, we might ask if that opinion would have its usual weight in a matter heard as it were only *ex parte.* Mr. Wilson was in a manner heard on his appeal to the Secretary of State, while Mr. Laud had no opportunity to put forth his own case. An *ex parte* decision arrived at even after argument in open Court, is never taken to be conclusive between the parties, even though that be a decision of the most eminent judges, and the Lord Chancellor himself would never give any weight to his own decision arrived in an *ex parte* proceeding, and much less would that decision carry any weight where the whole thing was conducted in camera. In fact the allusion to the opinion of the Lord Chancellor shows, if anything, that Lord Cross himself had grave doubts as to the soundness of the decision he gave.—*Native Opinion.*

QUALIFIED MEDICAL MEN IN THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

The *Rast-Goftar* upholds the petition of the Bombay Medical Union to the Municipal Corporation advocating the employment of qualified medical men as inspectors in the Health Department, not only would the medical men themselves be benefitted personally by their employment in the Municipality, but they would be able to do valuable service to the city by their knowledge of hygeine and sanitation. "We do not of course," says the paper, "ask that our graduates should at once supersede those who are at present employed as inspectors. That would be manifestly unjust. But we do say that it would be quite a proper proceeding on the part of the Corporation to pass a resolution, as has been asked for by the Union, in favour of the employment of qualified men, whenever any vacancies occur.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* concurs with the *Rast.* It says the Medical Union has done a service to their class by sending the petition to the Corporation.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by Anglo-American-Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED an ENGINEER, to take charge of an Engine, 600 I. H. P. Apply to "ENGINEER," care of Manager of this paper.

ROSES, GERANIUMS, DAHLIAS, and other Cut Flowers in Perfection, carefully packed and forwarded by train.—THOS. BROMLEY, Moola Road, Kirkee.

AN AFTERNOON CONCERT will be given in the TOWN HALL, on WEDNESDAY next, in aid of the Building Fund of the Cathedral High School. Reserved Seats Rs. 2, at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

FOR SALE.—At STEPHENS and SONS, Girgaum, a pair of young BAY WALERS.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, an L.M. & S., for Up-country, to attend an Invalid. Address "M.," care of this office.

FANCY GOODS, TABLE ORNAMENTS, Vases, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Platedware, Toys, Dolls, Millinery, Stationery, Albums, Handbags, and all useful Presents, at Cheapest SHROFF BROTHERS

TO CAPITALISTS.—PARTNERS WANTED in an old Established Paying Business, Owner retiring. Full particulars can be obtained from DUNER and Co., care of *Pioneer* Press, or Agent, Bank of Upper India, Lucknow.

WANTED, an INSPECTOR, to work and account for 200 pairs of Bullocks and Carts. None but men thoroughly experienced in Bullocks and Carting need apply. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 a month, according to results. Apply GLOVER & CO., Water Works, Tansa.

RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, will RE-OPEN from 1st October next. REDUCED TERMS for Cold Season.

LAWN-TENNIS BATS, Rs. 4-8 V. P. P. Equal to Best English. Great demand. DRUMMOND and Co., Bangalore.

AMERICAN WOOD COTTAGE FOR SALE. Length 75 feet, Breadth 44 feet, Seven Rooms. Apply to RICHARDSON and CRUDDAS.

CAPRI BIANCO, an exquisite Wine Medoc; SURTIN, a superior and full-bodied Wine, at Re. 1 per bottle.—P. CASSANELLO and Co.

TEMPLE BAR, BOMBAY.—Breakfasts, Tiffins and Dinners. Steak or Chop, 8 annas. Finest Billiard Saloon in India. TOM SAYERS, Manager.

LADIES' PURSES, LADIES' COMPANIONS, Fans, &c., Inkstands, Writing Cases, &c., PEARSE'S RESTAURANT, 7, Church Gate Street.

TRICYCLES AND BICYCLES, of Best Coventry Make, latest Designs and Improvements, good, strong and durable.—GEYER and Co., Ld., Bombay.

AIR-GUNS, complete with Case, Ammunition, Darts, Pinctures and Ramrod, at Rs. 40. L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

PIANO STOOLS.—Morocco-covered, with patent metal boss and screw. Rs. 25 each. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SINGER'S FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS SEWING MACHINES. 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

MCCABE WATCHES.—For Cash or on the Easy Purchase System for one or two years—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart Row.

£6,500,000 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year, £549,974-10-10 Stg.

C. JOST & Co., GUNSMITHS.—Repairing and Bronzing Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, &c., under Guarantee. First Class Testimonials from Princes and the Army.

PASSAGES BOOKED to ENGLAND and the CONTINENT, 1st class from Rs. 250. No commission charges. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON & Co., 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

WALKING STICKS.—A choice selection of mounted sterling silver, and unmounted, cinnamon, orange, oak, ash, cherry, vines, olives, &c., from Re. 1.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

LADIES' and GENT.'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOON.—FRANCIA AND FUCILE, Court and Historical Hair-Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wigmakers, Rampart Row, below Bombay Club, Fort.

BEST BLACKWOOD and Teakwood House Furniture, latest designs, inlaid and plain. Prices moderate.—Can be seen at NOOR MAHOMED SULLEMAN, Gowalia Tank Road.

25 PER CENT. (4 as. off the Rupee) DISCOUNT for CASH off Marked Prices. Bargains in remnants—Shoes, Corsets, etc.—THE CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Church Gate Street.

CHEAP SUITS ! CHEAP SUITS ! !—Coat and Trousers, Guaranteed all Wool, Rs. 15. Trousers per pair Rs. 7. Trial Order solicited.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow Street, Fort.

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IF YOU WANT DIAMONDS, RUBIES, Pearls, Sapphires, Cat's-eyes, &c., go to S. and J. KHAN, of 6, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, and you will get the cheapest and the best things for your money.

TO LET, on Frere Road, near Victoria Terminus, the whole or part of a FOUR-STORIED HOUSE (No. 93,) with Ground-floor open on all sides. Comfortable accommodation for 10 families. Tenants Europeans. Apply sharp to "H," care of this Paper.

TEA DIRECT FROM GARDENS.—Finest Orange Pekoe, Rs. 1, per lb. ; Telwaree Pekoe, As. 14, per lb. ; Pekoe Souchong, As. 12 ; Pekoe Dust, As. 8. The above well known TEAS, in boxes of 5, 10, 12, 20 lbs. and upwards. Apply to the MANAGER, Telwaree Gardens, Kumaon, N. W. PROVINCES.

FOR SALE, one Sizing Machine and a Doubling Frame, both in good working order; also a Centrifugal Pump, 8" diameter. Can be inspected at the Sassoon Spinning and Weaving Company's Mill. Apply DAVID SASSOON & Co., Agents.

MLLES. J. H. KRAUS, Milliners, Dress and Bonnet Makers, have just received from Paris a nice assortment of Ladies' Under-linen, Dressing Gowns, French Corsets, Ladies' Bonnets, Fancy Birds' Feathers, Flowers, &c.—20, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE RIVERSIDE, LEADER TIMEPIECES, at Rs. 3-4, and Time Alarums at Rs. 4-4, are articles of Household utility and the Best of any such articles. Will go 5 years before cleaning.—G. A. CHARPIE and Co., Bombay and Calcutta.

RAILWAY ENGINEER'S and CONTRACTOR'S Practical Certificated Assistant WANTS employment, can look after all classes of Carpentry, Masonry, and Iron-work, Engine, Boiler or Bridge erecting, Pier or Piling, no objection to traveling. "H. B. C.", care of this office.

PEARSE'S Machine-made BREAD, 12 Loaves per Rupee, delivered by Cart to all parts of the Island.—Church Gate Street.

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SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW.
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

IVORY BILLIARD BALLS.
WE would remind Owners of BILLIARD TABLES that the Monsoon is the best time to lay in their new Stock of Ivory Balls, and that we can supply all orders for the same at once.
JOHN ROBERTS & Co.,
18, Marine Street, Bombay.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS.

UNRIVALLED OPPORTUNITY.

SALE of remaining 4 desirable plots of Land on Queen's Road (between Nakoda's bungalow and the French Bridge Road) Chowpatty.
Unless previously disposed of by private contracts, the undersigned will resume or put up for sale on SATURDAY, the 17th Sept., 1887, at 4 p. m., on the spot, four pieces of land admeasuring from 157 to 266 square yards each. The land faces the sea, and is admirably suited for building small elegant houses.

Nos.	Yards.	Nos.	Yards.
3	157	7	237
6	208½	8	266

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Ardesir, Hormusji and Dinshaw, at No. 7, Rampart Row, or to the undersigned.

Notice—The sale of remaining 4 desirable plots of land on Queen's Road, Chowpatty, advertised to be sold on the 10th instant, has been postponed to SATURDAY, the 17th instant, on account of heavy rain.
N.B.—The lot Nos. 9 and 10 have been sold by private contracts.

UNRIVALLED OPPORTUNITY.

SALE of desirable plots of Land opposite Queen's Road (between Nakodas Bungalow and the French Bridge Road), Chowpatty.
Unless previously disposed of by private contracts, the undersigned will put up for sale on the spot pieces of land admeasuring about 1603 6-9 square yards. The land faces the sea and is admirably suited for building small houses.
Further particulars and the day of sale to be fixed hereafter.
For further particular and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ludha Ebrahim and Co., at their office No. 4, Bellasis Road, Byculla, or to the undersigned.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, Sept. 12th, 1887.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable vacant piece of land at Clare Road, Byculla, nearly opposite the G.I.P. Railway Byculla Station.
THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on account of the concerned, the following very valuable vacant piece of land :—
All that large piece of freehold vacant ground containing by admeasurement about 2,015 square yards, be the same little more or less having a frontage of about 90 feet on the Clare Road, and lying between the above-mentioned "Huntely Lodge" and the Fitzgerald Hotel. The land is admirably suitable for building purposes.
For further particulars and conditions of sale and plan of the vacant land, apply to the undersigned.

On THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 9, Haines Road, High Victoria circle, Byculla, the valuable blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, platedware, glass and crockery ware, firstrate oleographs and pictures, handsome China and Japanese vases, carpets, lamps, &c., the property of J. LAW, Esq.
Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 38, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., &c., the property of Lieut. C. MURRAY.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable bungalow, with outhouses, known as "Byculla Parsonage," situated at Clare Road, Byculla.
On WEDNESDAY, the 5th October next, at 4 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises, on account of the concerned the following very valuable landed property.
All that piece or parcel of free-hold and lease-hold land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, bungalow or dwelling house, known as "Byculla Parsonage," standing thereon, situate at Byculla, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration subdistrict of Mandvie, containing by admeasurement about (5,188) five thousand one hundred and eighty-eight square yards of which 3,268 square yards is freehold and 1,920 square yard is leasehold land, and which said premises are bounded as follows :—On or towards the north-east by vacant land belonging to the Trustees of the Byculla Church, on or towards the south by vacant land occupied by the temporary carriage sheds opposite to the House of Correction, on the south-west by vacant land, and on the north west by the public Road or Clare Road, and which said premises are now in the occupation of Mr. JAMSETJEE BOMANJEE WADIA.
Catalogue of the particulars, conditions of sale, and plan of the property can be had from the undersigned.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, Sept. 10, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms.
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 „ „ dhoties.
12 cases prints.
4 „ wh mulls.
1 lathe with tools.
500 lb. Germansilver half balls.
200 „ „ „
1 mahoganysquare pianoforte, by John Broadwood and Sons.
1 rosewood cottage pianoforte.
1 13 stops harmonium by Alexandre, on account of the concerned—
E—138—W 176 -1 case files ex s.s. Kirby Hall.
By order of the Administrator General the effects of the late Hurryvullub Shivram Desai, consisting of round card and dressing tables, reclining easy chairs, screen bedsteads, copper and brass utensils, wearing apparel, &c.
On account and at the risk of Jaitha Jadowji.
J. J. 24-28 5 bales green shirtings.
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Davidas Damodhur ex s. s. City of Canterbury and Belgravia—
D D B S D—828-29—2 bales each 100 P grey T cloths, 31 inches, 24 yards, 7 lbs.
1172-76—5 „ „ 100 „ „
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Hajee Esmael Abdoola—
H E A 2776—1 case 20 doz. Ruskopf watches ex s. s. Siam.
2777—1 „ 20 „ „ „ ex s. s. Pekin.
AT 2 P.M.
1 handsome light English-built double seated phaeton.
1 elegant light dog cart.
1 strong office shigram.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

VALUABLE GARDEN FOR SALE.

A ready-made garden, consisting of nearly 300 tubs and pots, the property of Surgeon-Major ANDERSON, changing his residence, will be sold by Public Auction (unless a private offer is accepted), at No. 8, Clare Road, Byculla, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th September, at 4 p.m.
The collection consists of the following varieties and classes of plants :—
Crotons of kinds, roses of kinds, geraniums, double and scented, hibiscus of sorts, anthuriums, cycads, eucharis, aralias of kinds, ferns of kinds, polypodiums and lycopodiums, durantas, lilies and amaryllis, poevreas, stephanotis, sweet briars, poincettias new double, perennial phlox, grevillia robustas, phyllanthus (white and red), jatropha, ixora of kinds, honey suckles, colenses, begonias of kinds, marantas, dracœnas, malphigias, bannisteria, acalyphas of kinds, brunsfelsia, magnolia, patchouli several plants, fittonias, piperomios, clerosdendrons, double jessamins (mogra), beautiful creepers, cissus, erathanthemums, pergularias, caladiums, alacosias, gaudonias, antigonous, cupressus, dalbergius, hydrangeas, chrysanthemums, barleria, bignonias, 3 or 4 kinds, brugmansia, grandifloras, &c.
Catalogues are ready and the garden is on view.
An offer for a lump sum for the whole will be favourably entertained by the undersigned.

On SATURDAY next, the 17th inst., sale commencing at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in the compound of the G. I. P. Railway stores, Parell, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of Mrs. M. O. WARD—
Full particulars will be given hereafter and the property will be on view 3 days before sale.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, Sept. 12, 1887.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES
ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.
Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas,
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 10.

CONSOLS in London yesterday were unaltered at 101¼, as also were French Rentes in Paris at 109, but Indian Securities were lower, the Sterling 3½ per cent. Loan by ⅛ to 100⅞ and Rupee Paper by ⅛ in 4 and ¼ in 4½ per cents. These latter movements are attributable of course to the decline in Exchange which singularly enough however appears to have left Bar Silver unaffected at 44⅞ per oz.

In the Produce markets the changes wired are few and unimportant. An advance of 1s. per quarter is reported in Poppy Seed and a partial decline of 3d. in Linseed. Wheat in Liverpool remains unchanged, but No. 2 Club in London comes 6d. per quarter lower.

COTTON in Liverpool yesterday closed steady with sales of 10,000 bales including 1,000 Surats. Spot prices were unchanged, but Americans to arrive were 1-64d. lower in the early position. To-day's report comes still steady, sales only 8,000 bales including 500 Surats Spot prices unmoved, but arrivals 1-14d. dearer in all positions. In New York no change has taken place either yesterday or to-day, and we may take it that the Wadington Agricultural Bureau's report just to hand had not transpired either in Liverpool or New York before the closing of to-day's market. We were able to report four days ago that private advices indicated the probability of a less favorable return than previously, but we scarcely think quite so important a falling off in the condition was anticipated. The synopsis of the report wired by Reuter says that "the condition of the crop in 10 Cotton States is 82 13-16 per cent., having been seriously damaged by heavy rains in the Atlantic States and by drought in the Gulf States. Bollworm and terpillars have also caused serious damage to the crop." For the sake of comparison we give the following record of the monthly estimates of condition against the five previous seasons :—

	1887	1886	1885	1884	1883	1882
June	96 9-10	88·7	92	87	86	89
July	97	86·1	96	86	90	92
August	93·3	81	96·5	87	84	94
September ...	82 12-16	82	87	82·5	74	92

"We may look for crop estimates now being reduced to 6½ to 6¾ millions, and on the report just received taken by itself the former figure would certainly be well justified, but it must not be forgotten that the crop is an early one, as the receipts up to date very clearly show, and the earlier the yield the less is it exposed to weather vicissitudes in October, which have a great deal to say to the ultimate outturn.

We subjoin our usual weekly comparison of the Liverpool statistics, which do not however present any noteworthy features. The Liverpool stock has decreased by 45,000 bales and is now only 55,000 bales above the same date last year. The total visible supply on the other hand is only 30,000 bales less on the week and is now 102,000 bales more than twelve months ago, the free receipts at the American ports so early in the season preventing the same rate of diminution as last year. This ultimately will also tend to prevent the Liverpool stock running down to the very low ebb in November which otherwise seem probable, and under the influence of which, now that the new crop advices are less favorable we, might have seen exceptionally high prices.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1887	1886	1885
Week's receipts	85,000	43,000	53,000
„ exports to U. K.	16,000	8,000	9,000
„ „ Continent	1,000	4,000	7,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	100,000	55,000	76,000
„ exports to U. K. ..	30,000	17,000	10,000
„ „ Cont. ..	3,000	5,000	8,000
„ Stock in the Ports	127,000	183,000	152,000
Saturday's Receipts	17,000	10,000	11,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 9th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1887	1886	1885
Total supply of all kinds	1,180,000	1,077,890	1,119,430
„ „ Surats	466,000	319,570	227,190

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool..............	487,000	432,250	551,480
„ London	39,000	25,000	25,000
American Afloat	50,000	23,000	9,000
East Indian „	34,000	42,000	12,000
	610,000	522,250	600,480
Price of Mid-Uplands	5 7-16d.	5 3-16d.	5 7-16d.
„ Good Fair Dhollera. ...	3⅞d.	3 13-16d.	4 9-16d.
Difference...........	1 9-16d.	1⅜d.	⅞d.

Our local market has been devoid of change to-day. The dealers have been making their speculative prices for new crops dearer on the strength of the weather, but really there has been very little passing, the only purchases we have heard of for the Mills being 300 bales Julgaum at Rs. 175½, 100 bales Veerumgaum at Rs. 190 to Rs. 194, and 100 bales Antni at Rs. 152 per candy.

In WHEAT we have not heard of any business. The heavy rain has prevented any ready buying, and for future delivery the position remains unaltered.

The receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton.........................	658	bales.
Wheat..........................	4,459	cwt.
Linseed	2,999	„
Rapeseed.......................	176	„
Gingelly Seed..................	1,654	„
Poppy Seed	254	„
Groundnuts	1,598	„

FREIGHTS.—We have not heard of any engagements and rates remain nominally unaltered.

PIECE-GOODS.—We are in receipt to-day through Reuter of the statement of Cotton Goods and Yarns shipped from the U. K. to Bombay, Calcutta and Madras during the month of August. We append a comparison of the figures with the previous month and the corresponding month of last year, and we fancy the extent of shipments to this port will take some people by surprise in the face of the depression which the trade has been suffering under so long. Not only is there a large increase over the July totals, but the quantities of Plain Cotton and Twist are largely ahead of August 1886, when business was exceptionally active. For Calcutta and Madras a considerable decrease is apparent, except under the one item of Twist for the latter port :—

	August 1887.	July 1887.	August 1886.
Bombay—			
Plain Cottons .....yds.	39,650,000	22,850,000	37,000,000
Colored Cottons.. „	3,350,000	3,400,000	3,650,000
Printed Cottons.. „	8,050,000	6,850,000	12,400,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,350,000	600,000	800,000
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons ......yds.	77,100,000	81,400,000	98,150,000
Colored Cottons... „	5,000,000	7,800,000	7,900,000
Printed Cottons.. „	3,350,000	4,500,000	13,500,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,050,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons..... yds.	2,900,000	3,000,000	11,450,000
Colored Cottons.. „	1,250,000	1,900,000	1,650,000
Printed Cottons.. „	900,000	1,400,000	1,800,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,000,000	700,000	130,000

	For 8 months 1887.	For 8 months 1886.
Bombay only—		
Plain Cottons ..... yds.	277,650,000	333,750,000
Colored Cottons.. „	30,450,000	34,450,000
Printed Cottons.. „	47,950,000	83,300,000
Twist............ lbs.	8,900,000	9,300,000

EXCHANGE.—The downward tendency apparent at the close yesterday was more fully developed this morning when we opened to a decline of 1-16d. all round from which there has been no fluctuation during the day. Seme transactions are reported between Banks in 60 days' sight Bills at 1s. 5 3-16d., but otherwise there has been very little done, some sales of Francs being about the only mercantile paper we have heard of being sold. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand..	1s. 5 1-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 1-16d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight ..	1s. 5¼d.	„
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 5¼d.	„
Francs 3 months' sight	1. 82½.	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quiet with sellers of Fours at Rs. 98½. Fours-and-a-half are nominal at Rs. 102½.

SHARES remain quiet but pretty firm. Bombay-Burma Trading Co.'s shares have improved to Rs. 2,800. Port Cannings are firm at Rs. 310. Connaught Mill shares have improved to Rs. 595 ; Indian Manufacturing to Rs. 1,440.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

—	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	14 pct.	755
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	860
Bank of Madras	20,000	500	all	14 do.	865
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra Bank............	30,000	£	£	6 do.	115
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	[illegible]	100	all	17½ do.	449
National Bank of India............	37,320	$125. 35%		6 pct.	127

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

SUNKERSETT—September 8, the wife of Mr Raoji Venayekrao Jagonnathji Sunkersett, of a son and heir.

MARRIAGE.

GOULD—TARBOTTON—September 5, at Saint Mary's Church, Camp Belgaum, by the Rev W Wingate, Chaplain, Quarter-Master Sergeant Robert Gould, 2nd Battalion, The Prince Albert's Somersetshire Light Infantry, to Jane Emily, eldest daughter of Mr A Tarbotton, of Bradford, England.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BRIDGES—September 6, at Lahore, the wife of John A Bridges, Punjab Police, of a daughter.
COLLARD—September 5, at Wellington, Nilgiris, the wife of Conductor S Collard, Commissariat Department, of a son.

DEATHS.

BRIND—September 5, at Umballa, Agnes Constance, infant daughter of Michael and Agnes Brind.
CROYDON—September 1, at Simla, of diarrhœa, Harold Duncan, youngest son of Assistant Apothecary W Croydon, S M D, aged 4 months.
HENDERSON—September 3, at Gorakhpur, Mr P Henderson, Traffic Superintendent, Bengal and North-Western Railway, drowned, the result of a boating accident at Domingarh.
POULSER—September 2, at Samulcotta, of croup, Iver, the beloved son of Rev I K Poulser, Am Lutheran Missionary, aged nearly 4 years.
ROGERS—September 3, at Gorakhpur, Mr H T Rogers, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Bengal and North-Western Railway, drowned, the result of a boating accident at Domingarh.
SANDEL—September 4, at his residence, 89 Ripon Street, the Rev H H Sandel, Missionary, St. Paul's Cathedral.
SULIVAN—September 5, Ethel Bunbury, infant daughter of Walter S Sulivan, of Kibberi Betta, Coorg.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1887.

RECENT telegrams from Paris have prepared us for the announcement almost at any time that England and France have agreed upon the bases of an arrangement for the neutralization of the Suez Canal. Such an arrangement, we take it, would be preliminary to the opening of negotiations with the other Powers, and could scarcely be regarded as definitive until it had met with European acceptance. But it is not the fashion of Governments to negotiate "in the air," and both in London and in Paris there must be at least a general idea as to the principles upon which the remaining Powers would concur for the settlement of the question. For it need scarcely be said that the negotiations between Lord Salisbury and M. Flourens deal with no new problem. They are indirectly consequential upon a principle to which the British Government gave its adhesion when more than twelve years ago Lord Derby, then Foreign Minister in Lord Beaconsfield's Government, expressed his dissatisfaction with the absence of any international guarantee for the efficacious control of what was essentially an international highway, whose free use was a matter of international interest. Lord Derby declared, both in speech and in writing, his belief that the arrangement most satisfactory to Great Britain would be that the Canal, forming so important a link in our communications with India and Australia, should be under the management of an international Commission, so that its control should not rest exclusively with any single Government or body of individuals. There is now no question of the kind of international control mentioned by Lord Derby, and which we suppose finds its nearest exemplification in the operations of the International Commission for the regulation of the lower waters of the Danube. The idea of international control has been modified into that of an international guarantee, and that principle was formally adopted in the preliminary convention negotiated by Sir Henry Wolff at Constantinople in the autumn of 1885. The agreement was between the British Government and the Sultan alone, and it was an agreement in principle alone, needing hereafter to be reduced to practical form in a detailed convention and to be submitted for acceptance to the remainder of the Powers interested. But a good deal had been done even in accomplishing this preliminary stage, and the article in the Convention of 1885, establishing international interests in a work over which the Sultan had definite territorial rights, goes far to remove the reproach of barrenness from a mission which as a whole was signally unsuccessful. It was a great thing to get the assent of the Porte to the principle; perhaps it was a greater to go so far in advance of public opinion at home as to register an act which precludes us from at any time exercising an exclusive control over the Canal. An exaggerated view of its strategic value had led to strangely Chauvinistic notions as to the rights, or at all events the expediencies, which should guide us in dealing with the Canal in the time of an emergency, and English public opinion was slow to accommodate itself to the much more restricted view of British rights and interests which Lord Salisbury's Government had taken on this occasion. However, when Sir Henry Wolff went to Cairo, to discuss with Moukhtar Pasha various questions connected with administrative and military reorganization in Egypt, and the evacuation of the country by the British troops, the two Governments had recorded their agreement on the principle of neutralizing the Canal, and the third article of the convention which the Sultan signed the other day, but would not ratify, defined the conditions of a subsequent convention to which the Porte was to invite the signatories to the Treaty of Berlin to "agree for better securing the freedom of navigation through the Suez Canal."

Apparently Lord Salisbury, disappointed with the method of beginning with the Porte and ending with the Powers, hopes for better results from the contrary method of beginning with the Powers and ending with the Porte. The most difficult part of the problem has to be solved, after all, in Paris and not in Constantinople, where, moreover, the difficulties that were raised two months ago had relation not to the clauses of the convention which provide for the future navigation of the Canal, but to those for the British evacuation and rights of re-entry in Egypt. It is reasonable to expect, therefore, that an agreement respecting the Canal which bore the signatures of the other Powers would not wait long for acceptance by the Porte. It remains to be seen how far the bases of the agreement under negotiation between Lord Salisbury and M. Flourens differ from those embodied in the abortive Anglo-Turkish Convention of the present year. So far as is known the French Government took no exception to them. They provided that the Canal should be always free and open, whether in peace or war, for ships of war and merchant vessels passing from one sea to the other, the Great Powers undertaking never to inpede the free passage of the Canal in time of war. The French proposals seem to go somewhat further than this, inasmuch as they provide for the marking off of a neutral zone within which the massing of troops or the erection of fortifications shall be forbidden. The provision, as thus stated, seems unobjectionable, and to be little more than an additional guarantee that the neutrality of the canal shall be real and effective. We could only object to it if we had an *arrière pensée* in the direction of some day making a military use of the Canal, and that would be inconsistent with every effort that we have made to have its neutrality declared, and with our own declarations on the subject. Sir Henry Wolff, in his despatch to Lord Salisbury summing up the results of his mission on the occasion of the signature of the convention by the Sultan last May, by plain implication disavowed any such contingency. It had been suggested, he remarked, that the Canal, in time of war, might be destroyed or blocked by the British fleet. "But the idea that one belligerent could, for his own purposes, destroy a work by which all the world benefits can scarcely commend itself to the genius of modern warfare." England could give no more convincing guarantee of the sincerity of her desire that the neutrality of the Canal shall be real than by consenting to a proposal which in effect means nothing more nor less than it shall not be made a military work. We had to choose between the alternatives of securing ourselves by a forcible possession of the Canal like that of 1882—an act which could not well be repeated without bringing ourselves in conflict with something more formidable perhaps than European opinion—and that of making sure of a free passage through the Canal by the guarantee of Europe. The method which Lord Salisbury's Government deliberately preferred two years ago makes more of the commercial advantages of the Canal than of the strategic. But on the whole the guarantee of a free passage through the Canal in times of peace and of war is of more value to us than a doubtful guarantee of free passage in peace and liberty to do what we like with the Canal—which only means after all the right to do what *we can* with it—in time of war, this same liberty being, as Sir Henry Wolff very properly puts it, circumscribed by certain moral limitations prescribed by the genius of modern warfare.

Those who think that in agreeing to the neutralization of the Canal under the guarantee of the Powers we are parting to our detriment with our liberty of action should bear in mind how the case stands now. The Canal, in the absence of any conventional regulation, falls under the jurisdiction in the first instance of the local authority, and in the last resort of the Sultan as Suzerain. Arm of the sea though it be, since it connects two seas themselves open and incapable of appropriation by any Power, it is not itself what jurists would call *mare liberum*, and it can only by convention derive that character. Until it has in that way gained the character which is essential to it if it is to serve its high purpose as a highway of the nations, it is subject to all the risks which attach to any part of an Empire so constantly open to attack as the dominions of the Sultan. If Russia were to-morrow, on the ground of some misunderstanding with the Porte—say concerning Bulgaria, or concerning the still unpaid war indemnity—to blockade the Canal she would be as much within her right as England was in blockading Dulcigno in 1880, or as the same power would be to-day in blockading a Venezuelan port in consequence of our present misunderstandings with that incorrigible Republic. Sir Travers Twiss, looking at the matter exclusively from the point of view of the international lawyer, once pointed out that the trade of the world might be hindered by the blockade of the Canal ports on the part of any one state waging war against Turkey, and as no provision has been made against such an event by a common understanding, no state, however aggrieved, would have the right of remonstrance against the exercise of belligerent rights. These rights undoubtedly exist, and they will continue to exist until they have been abrogated by convention. A little excess of jealousy of other Powers, a little excess of zeal in conserving and enlarging upon the physical advantages which our occupation of Egypt gives us, may do us harm in perpetuating the inconvenience and risks which attend upon the present state of things, which from the point of view of national interest as well as of international law are as unsatisfactory as they could well be.

THE report that during the absence of the Chief Justice only two courts will sit on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court is provoking some comment—not in all cases approving comment—in professional circles. Early in November Mr. Justice Scott will return from leave ; and it is understood that Mr. Farran, as originally arranged, will then cease to act. But when this arrangement was made the absence of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Bayley's consequent removal from the Original Side were not in contemplation, and it is asked whether, the circumstances having changed, the arrangement should not be changed with them so far as to defer Mr. Justice Farran's return to the bar at least until Sir Charles Serjeant has come back from his leave and the *status quo ante* has been restored. It is not contended that in the present state of the cause list any special effort is required to keep pace with the work that is brought into Court. The heavy arrears of a year or so since have been disposed of, and the only ground for misgiving is lest, with inadequate provision for the work of the Court, the old unsatisfactory state of things should be revived. A good deal can be done in three months, even in the way of accumulating arrears, and it is feared that if the Original Side is provided with only two judges after the October vacation the Chief Justice may find on his return from his holiday that the cause list looks no better than it did last year. The Original Side, as it would be constituted if the plan understood to be in contemplation were carried out, would not be wanting in strength ; but its strength would lie elsewhere than in promptitude of procedure, and suitors might once again have to complain, as they were complaining not so long ago, of the law's delays. Under the present arrangements work is brought on as soon as—having regard to our present procedure—it can be got ready. For instance the Judges are now trying suits for the most part little more than three months old. With two Courts sitting only nine days a week—without reckoning holidays and vacations—would be devoted to the hearing of suits, for each judge would have his Saturday, and one would have to sit in insolvency. Then at least a day and a half would be required for Chamber work and short causes, and another day for one of the judges to sit with the Chief Justice in appeal. This, as a matter of arithmetic, brings down the working time of the two Courts for their proper function of hearing suits to a little over six days—the equivalent of a full week's work for one judge. Now if that one judge were prompt and certain, well up in authorities and procedure, and able to deal on equal terms with the bar, the arrangement might suffice, for on the average about one long cause a day is filed which comes to a hearing. And it is this consideration which leads people to regret that Mr. Justice Farran, who fulfils these requirements in a very conspicuous way, is not likely to remain on the Bench. There are of course other reasons why it would be matter for regret if Mr. Farran were to retire. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that he is, taken all round, the strongest judge that the Bombay Brench has had since Mr. Justice Green, and that he has been successful in winning the confidence of suitors and the profession. It may be hoped that the proposals we have been referring to are proposals and nothing more, and that the Government will not approve of a plan which is likely to cause inconvenience. The precedent of endeavouring to work the Original Side of the High Court with only two judges is not one that ought to be lightly set. It might succeed for the short space of three months—though that is doubted—and the precedent might encourage some Government in a fit of spasmodic economy to perpetuate the experiment, possibly with results which would be dearly paid for by the saving that would be effected. A long list of arrears has been cleared off in the past year, and the public would have grave reason to complain of a return to so eminently undesirable a state of things. There is some danger of that if the original work of the High Court is left to two judges, even if only for three months, and the danger is worth guarding against even if the plans already well advanced have to be abandoned.

WE report in another column proceedings which may be said to complete the constitution and organization of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery. The corps has elected its officers, and in so doing has made in every case most excellent choice. The members may be congratulated on having harmoniously passed through so important a stage in the early career of the corps, and upon the success it has already attained to. In numbers it has, we believe, exceeded the expectations of the sanguine and enthusiastic Volunteer officer to whose initiative the creation of the corps is mainly due, and no one who has attended one of the drills needs to be told that it is made up of good material, and that the members are taking an intelligent interest in their work. The corps was gazetted only so recently as the 6th of June, and already eighty members have been enrolled, the majority of whom have gone through the recruit drills. It is due to Lord Reay and the military authorities to acknowledge that they have from the first warmly supported the enterprise. The Cross Island Battery has been placed at the disposal of the corps for heavy gun practice, and Captain Hext, the Director of Indian Marine, has supplemented this valuable privilege by promising to arrange for the transport of members to and fro during the drill season, which begins in the middle of October. All this we chronicle as a matter of no small public interest, for a well organized and well trained corps of artillery volunteers, as this promises to become, will fill a by no means unimportant place amongst the resources available for the defence of Bombay. The cordial support that the Government have given the enterprise from the beginning seems to be in great part prompted by that consideration.

THE election of Mr. Grattan Geary to a seat in the Municipal Corporation is notified in the *Government Gazette*.

THE experiments at Rawalpindi under the direction of Mr. Townsend, the Captain petroleum expert, are said to have proved highly successful. The borings have resulted in the discovery of oil of excellent quality, and there seems no doubt that the industry in the district will become general.

A SERIES of reports on the Survey operations in the Bombay Presidency, together with the Government Resolution thereon were puplished on Saturday afternoon. The documents lose a good deal of the interest that would otherwise attach to them from the fact that they only deal with the work accomplished so far back as 1885-86. It Guzerat 30,518 acres were measured against 92,857 acres in 1884-85 In Poona and Nasik, 7,11,574 acres against 628,413, in Rutnagherry and Thana, 183,392 against 224,174 and in Southern Mahratta country 615,000 against 773,413.

THE Limbin Prince, who surrendered to Mr Scott at Mone in May last, is now in Calcutta. He is to be allowed Rs 500 a month for himself and free quarters, in addition to educational allowances for his children. The prince was the last pretender of any importance to the throne of Upper Burma.

THE Government of India have supported the proposals of the N.-W. P. Government for an extension of the jurisdiction of the High Court to Oudh. The Secretary of State's formal sanction will be merely a matter of a few weeks more.

IT being admitted by the Imperial and Punjab Governments that the state of arrears in the Lahore Chief Court requires instant attention, it is likely that Mr. Roe, now officiating for Mr Tremlett, will, on the latter's return in November, continue on the Bench until further orders.

THE Secretary of State will be shortly in possession of a despatch from India, showing that the charges of land jobbing against officials in Upper Burma are absolutely without foundation.

THE Allahabad University Bill report will be presented on the 14 instant by which time the Local Government will have furnished the names of those gentlemen who hereafter will be responsible for the control of the new University. The Bill will be passed on the 22nd instant, on which day also the Punjab Land Bills will become law.

THE *Madras Times* hears from Home that it is understood there that Mr. Robinson, the Acting Agent of the Madras Railway, will not be confirmed in that appointment, and that either Mr. F. B. Hanna, one of the Company's Engineers, or a relative of Sir Thomas Pycroft, the Deputy Chairman of the Direction in England, will be appointed as Agent.

THE death is announced of Mr. H. R. Dawson senior partner of Messrs Oakes & Co., Madras, which happened in England on Wednesday. Mr Dawson had many friends in Madras and in the Nilgiris who will lament his loss. Twenty years ago he joined Messrs. Oakes and Co's establishment as an Assistant, and, after serving in that capacity for one year, was made a partner in January 1869, and became senior partner in July 1879.

THE Commission which was appointed by the Nizam some time ago to adjudicate on the claims of Burruck Jung against his uncle Sultan Nawaz Jung for a division of the family property, has issued its decision and has forwarded it to Government for confirmation. The *Deccan Times* understands that the result is very unfavourable to Burruck Jung, and he has in consequence lodged a strong protest against its acceptance. While the plaintiff estimates the entire divisible estate at over three crores of rupees, the Commission accepts the defendant's estimate of 28 lakhs. In connection with the above case a curious, and to the plaintiff an unpleasant, complication has arisen. The confirming authority is the Nizam, and the Adviser of the Nizam is Colonel Marshall, who was also President of the Commission. It will become Colonel Marshall's duty now to advise His Highness in the matter of his own judgment—a strange predicament to be placed in to say the least of it, and one which we should have thought that Colonel Marshall would have studiously avoided.

LAST year the opium revenue in the Central Provinces showed a decrease as compared with that of the previous year, but this is a matter which is not very difficult to explain. Opium is sold at the Government Treasuries at Rs. 22 per seer, while in, native territory across the Nurbudda, Malwa opium can be purchased for Rs. 10 a seer, or even less. It is said that the consumers are by no means particular as to the quality of the drug which they consume, the consequence being that they prefer the cheaper opium ; and as there appears to be but little difficulty in smuggling this across the frontier, the decrease in the revenue is easily accounted for.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHARGE AGAINST MR. O'BRIEN.

CONFLICT BETWEEN POLICE AND PEOPLE.

LONDON, SEPT. 10.

Mr. O'Brien having failed to appear at Mitchelstown in obedience to the summons, a warrant for his arrest was issued yesterday.

A number of people followed the officers entrusted with that duty, and the police who were protecting the official Reporter were repulsed, many of them being severely injured, upon which the constabulary fired on the mob, killing two persons and wounding many others.

The Police were then withdrawn and order was restored.

SEPT. 11.

Fifty-four policemen and 150 other persons received injuries in the conflict that took place at Mitchelstown on Friday.

There was no renewal of the disturbance on Saturday and order prevailed in the town.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

LONDON, SEPT. 10.

The Indian Budget Statement has been presented to the House of Commons.

The prospect of 1887-88 is worse by £610,000 sterling than when the estimates were framed in India, owing to the greatly increased charges on account of the operations in Upper Burma and the small amount realized from land, the revenue of which yielded only one half of the amount estimated.

It was hoped however that the growth of the Indian Revenue would cover the estimated deficit

Sir John Gorst, in his speech, strongly eulogised the justice, equity, and beneficence of the Indian Government in their dealings towards the people of India.

Mr. Bradlaugh followed with some reflections on the grievances of the natives of India especially in the matter of promotions in the Civil Service.

Sir John Gorst replying, said that Government must await the Report of the Public Service Commission before entering upon any reforms or admitting more natives to the Civil Service.

REORGANISATION OF THE WAR OFFICE.

LONDON, SEPT. 9.

Mr. Stanhope, Secretary of State for War, is engaged on the reorganisation of the War Office.

The changes to be introduced will include the making over of all executive duties to the Commander-in-Chief., the extension of the powers of control vested in the Finance Department over all branches of the service, the abolition of the office of Surveyor-General of Ordnance, whose duties will in future be performed by the Director of Artillery, who will also be answerable for all stores.

The Military Department will comprise the Adjutant-General and Deputy Commander-in-Chief, who will be held answerable for maintaining the discipline and efficiency of the Army, and who will also control the National Forces and Intelligence Department; the Quarter-Master-General, who will control Supplies and Transport; the Director of Artillery and Stores; the Inspector-General of Fortifications and Works, and the Military Secretary, who will continue to control promotions and appointments.

The Civil Department will be under the Financial Secretary.

The Heads of Departments will from time to time meet in Council under the Presidency of the Secretary of State for War, but without in any degree lessening the responsibility of that official.

There will be no increase in the expenditure of the Department, and it is believed that these changes will result in greater economy and efficiency throughout.

The scheme will come into operation on 1st April 1888.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

Last night in the House of Commons Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, in reply to a question, said it was not the intention of Government to construct more Ironclads at present, because England was supreme in this respect.

ENGLAND AND VENEZUELA.

Sir James Fergusson, replying to a question, said that in consequence of the seizure by the Venezuelan officials of another ship belonging to Trinidad, the Governor of Trinidad, Sir William Robinson, had asked for a man-of-war to be sent there. The previous outrages committed by the Venezuelan authorities had not been redressed, but the British Government had come to the conclusion that they cannot allow this state of affairs to continue any longer.

GERMAN AGGRESSION IN THE PACIFIC.

WELLINGTON, SEPT. 8.

News has been received here that five hundred German troops have landed at Samoa (Navigators Island) deposed the reigning king and proclaimed a rival potentate.

The British and American Consuls protested against the action of the Germans.

THE ST. LEGER.

LONDON, SEPT. 11.

Merry-Hampton has sprained his near foreleg.

THE EMIN PASHA EXPEDITION.

News of Mr. Stanley has been received, dated 12th July, up to which time the expedition was making favourable progress.

PRINCE FERDINAND.

TIRNOVA, SEPT. 10.

Prince Ferdinand denies that he has any intention of going to Hungary.

BUSINESS DONE IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, SEPT. 10.

The House of Lords have passed the "Small Allotments" and "Coal Mines Regulations" Bills.

THE HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA SEP. 11.

In consequence of the recent heavy weather and the probability of its continuance, the managing Committee have decided to postpone the Horticultural Exhibition to the 28th instant.

NAVIGATING A SHIP WITHOUT SIDE LIGHTS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 11.

The case against Captain Jenny of the ship Indore for not hanging outside lights on certain nights during the last outward voyage from Liverpool has been dismissed.

A number of the crew were examined and most of them stated that lights were not hung out on certain nights, but were unable to either fix the number of nights or the dates.

His Worship said the evidence was vague and unsatisfactory. He entertained a reasonable doubt as to whether the charge was not a concocted one.

The accused was discharged.

MASONIC INSTALLATION AT SIMLA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 11.

A grand Masonic ceremonial took place yesterday evening at the Town Hall in connection with the installation of Mr. W. E. Parker as District Grand Master.

After the private proceedings in connection with the initiation of the new Grand Master had concluded the procession was formed and led with music from the lodge room to the ball room, where a large crowd of spectators had assembled to witness the ceremony. Addresses were then delivered by the District Grand Master and the Rev. Mr. Hildersley, District Grand Chaplain, after which the District Grand Master received congratulations from the representatives of numerous lodges who had come up for the occasion.

The ceremonial was followed by a splendid banquet, at which about 120 Masons and guests sat down, and when this was over some thirteen toasts were proposed, each accompanied by a short appropriate speech.

The band played a selection of airs during the evening concluding with God Save the Queen when the company broke up.

THE MADRAS SCANDAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 11.

The Morgan-Ross case has been committed to the High Court Sessions, Mr. W. Morgan, Government Solicitor, and Colonel Warner being sureties for the appearance of Ross.

THE AGENCY OF THE MADRAS RAILWAY.

The Board of Directors of the Madras Railway has resolved that it is not expedient to unite the offices of Agent and Manager with that of Chief Engineer, and has appointed Mr. F. B. Hanna, one of its Engineers, as Agent and Manager, Mr. Robinson, at present occupying both Offices, preferring to revert to his position as Chief Engineer.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 9.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Khedive arrived here from Colombo this morning.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Mirzapore arrived here from Colombo this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macdonald, homeward bound from Bombay, arrived here this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ogilvie, homeward bound from Bombay, arrived here this morning.

SINGAPORE, SEPT. 9,

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Lombardy (extra) arrived here to-day.

HONGKONG, SEPT. 11.

The Italian steamer Bisagno left here for Bombay on Saturday noon.

COLOMBO, SEPT. 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Valetta with the China and Australian mails left here for Bombay to-day at 3 p.m.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	3⅞
The Manchester Market has been steady.	
Exchange on India, 60 days' sight	1s. 5⅜.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	70
4½ per cent. "	72½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅞
Bar Silver	44⅞

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	64,000	bales.
" " " Surats	6,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	26,000	"
" " " Surats	3,000	"
" Stock of Cotton	487,000	"
" " Surats	177,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	39,000	"

The Viceroy during his stay at Peshawur next November, will probably pay a flying visit to Ali Masjid, and thus see the most interesting and historical part of the Khyber.

The last report of Ayub Khan's movements is that he has turned north into the Salt Desert in the direction of Khaf. This, if true, is probably a feint, as his real object, for reasons already given, must be to make way towards Lash Jowain and Farrah.

The native who was charged with attempting to poison Mrs. Ball, wife of a member of the well known firm of Umballa chemists, has been sentenced to ten years' rigorous imprisonment, Three months are to be passed in solitary confinement.

The value of gold imported to India during the first four months of the current financial year was Rs. 83,83,279, and of that exported, Rs. 4,40,594, while the value of silver imported was Rs. 3,28,50,425, and of that exported Rs. 41,68,837. This leaves a total of imports of both metals of Rs. 3,66,24,273. The assay value of coins and bullion received at the Indian mints in the same period was Rs. 3,55,35,337, and of that coined and examined, Rs. 3,41,44,989.

A RENEWED attempt has been made in St. Petersburg to encourage the idea that England and Russia have agreed on a definite course of action to be pursued in the event of the AmirAbdurRahman's failing to maintain his position. Thus the Vienna *Political Correspondence* learns from the Russian capital that, should the Amir's rule collapse, the two countries interested in Afghanistan will unite in an amicable partition of that country of stones and men; and this, it is added, is the real meaning of the concentration of troops on the Indian frontier.

Two splendid vessels intended for the Eastern traffic were launched the day before the mail left. The British and Indian Steam Navigation Company's steamer Warora left the slips at Glasgow and the P. and O. Company's Britannia, a sister ship to the Victoria, received her christening at Greenock. The Britannia is a steel screw-steamer of 6,600 tons gross, with powerful engines of 7,000 indicated horse-power. Her length is 465 feet, breadth 52 feet, and depth 37 feet.

The Madras Government have directed that, as an experimental measure, all tanks and channels coming under the category of "Minor Irrigation Works," which have already been investigated and put into thorough order be handed over to the ryots for their maintenance in the future, the Collector of the district concerned supervising the proper and efficient upkeep of the tanks and channels so handed over. The experiment has been suggested by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation as a means by which the State will be relieved from further cost of the maintenance of minor irrigation works, and is to be for the present, initiated in the Periakolam minor basin of the Madura district. It is one of the out comes of the change in the constitution of the Tank Department, Madras P. W. D, the designation of which was recently changed from the "Tank *Maintenance* Scheme Branch" to the "Tank *Restoration* Scheme Branch."

THE ENGLISH IN BANGKOK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of September 2nd, I notice an extract from a letter from Bangkok entitled "The English in Siam," which gives a very one-sided view of recent affairs in that capital. As a casual and impartial traveller who happened to be in Bangkok at the time perhaps you will allow me to say a few words on the other side of the question. Bangkok, like many independent Eastern capitals before it, has in its first struggles towards civilization accumulated a crowd of European adventurers who draw Siamese pay, hold high appointments, and rejoice in high-sounding titles bestowed on them by the King of Siam.

For these men's protection (as well as for the protection of English merchants) a Consular Court has had to be established; for though they draw the king's pay, command the king's troops and men-of-war, yet they do not care to submit to the king's justice. The casual observer would naturally think that being thus festered and protected by the Consular Court, without whose protecting care service under the king would be impossible, these European adventurers would look up to and respect that court. On the contrary they band together, and under some petty pretext or other constantly harass and worry the Consular authorities, not only officially, but privately, in the grossest and most unmannerly way.

The pretext at the time I was in Bangkok was the "Registration fee" mentioned by your correspondent, the simple story of which was that the Foreign Office first ordered the fee to be levied, then counter ordered it, and thirdly ordered all action to be stopped in the matter till certain legal points had been settled.

As, of course, any unprejudiced person can see the Consul at Bangkok is merely the mouthpiece of the Foreign Office; yet the British subjects, egged on by one or two unruly and fractious spirits, raised public feeling against the Consular authorities, as if they personally were responsible for a measure, which by the way no one ever thought the least oppressive, until they were informed it was so by some pettifogging lawyer.

Your correspondent fails to mention that "the few exceptions" not invited to the Birthday Ball by her Majesty's Consul were at the time in open rebellion against her Majesty's Consular Court, and openly defying its authority.

In the same way one can hardly expect an officer in the Queen's service, holding the high position of Minister and Consul-General, to dine convivially at an hotel in company with the abovementioned "few exceptions" on an official occasion. Of course, it is at once apparent that one of "the few exceptions" is your correspondent. As for the "spontaneous loyalty" of an individual who says "The Queen, God bless her" with his lips and in heart and deed is at the same time rebelling against the authority of her Majesty's representative, perhaps the less said the better. I hope you will excuse this somewhat long-winded letter, but I trust in justice to Mr. E. B. Gould, you will publish the drift of it in answer to your Bangkok correspondent's letter. When one sees a high-minded, intellectual and courteous gentleman badgered and worried publicly and privately by a mixed pack of social pariahs, it is difficult not to be long-winded with virtuous indignation. The old fable of the Lion and the Jackals is being enacted at Bangkok.—Yours, &c.,

G. J. YOUNGHUSBAND, Lieut.,
Sept. 6. Queen's Own Corps of Guides.

THE PROPOSED DOG-TAX.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am very glad to learn that the Government of Bombay contemplate the introduction of a Dog-tax in this presidency, and that they have with that object in view addressed the several Municipalities on the subject. This is a move in the right direction, and will greatly benefit the community at large by reducing the number of rabid and other stray dogs that are at present to be met with in every street—poor half-starved mangy curs that endanger the safety of the neighbourhood, and whose destruction would be an act of real pity both towards the wretched animals themselves and towards the poor people who every now and then become the victims of their phobia. Let us hope that the Municipalities will accord a ready response to the proposal of Government.

I would draw the attention of our excellent Police Commissioner to the necessity of some such regulation as that which was recently introduced in London for muzzling all dogs that are allowed to stray in the streets. It would be very advisable to require all owners of dogs to securely muzzle them when they are taken out of doors, unless they are led by a chain or string. We sometimes hear of the most unsuspicious looking dogs developing sudden symptoms of hydrophobia, and it is but fair and proper to protect the public from the risk they run from their neighbour's.

CANINE PETS.

POISONOUS AND HARMLESS SNAKES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In the account of the Bombay Natural History Society's Meeting which appeared in Saturday's paper, the latter half of the Reverend F. Dreckman's rule for distinguishing poisonous from harmless snakes appears to have been accidently omitted. The rule he proposed was the following:—(applicable to the Vipers, Tree Vipers, Bungaras and the snakes which resemble them.)

1. Head broad, triangular and very distinct from neck. (a) Those with head covered with large shields or plates are harmless. (b) Those having the head covered with small scales are poisonous.

2. Head scarcely distinct from neck. (a) Head covered with large shields and subcaudals (shields beneath the tail) single, poisonous. (b) Either head covered with scales and subcaudals single, harmless—I am, &c.

H. M. PHIPSON,
Honorary Secretary, Bombay, Natural History Society.

DACOITY in Lower Burma is not even yet extinct. A telegram from Rangoon reports that Mr. H. P. Todd Naylor, Assistant Commissioner, on special duty in the Shwaygyen district, had a brush with a dacoit gang on Tuesday last in which he shot dead a man called Sayagalay who has made himself a great notoriety in the neighbourhood. Mr. Todd Naylor narrowly escaped three shots which were fired at close quarters at himself. It is expected the disturbances in this locality will now cease.

THE *Bombay Educational Record* is glad to learn, on the authority of *The Mahratta*, that the now notorious passage about women in the Sixth Book of the new English School Series is to be expunged. "This" says the *Record* "is unquestionably the right thing to do, and we trust that the same treatment will be extended to two or three grossly indecent extracts which by some deplorable oversight have gained admission to the same book. The Roman poet's motto, *maxima debetur pueris reverentia* might be commended to the consideration of the compiler of this unfortunate volume."

PANDITA RAMABAI appears to be traversing the United States of America and lecturing on behalf of a scheme for the establishment of secular schools for the women of India An institution has been organized called "The Ramabai Circle for the Elevation of Women in India" and a larger number of smaller circles are to be started throughout America in affiliation with the parent circle. The American Press remark upon the deep impression the eloquence of this remarkable woman produces wherever she goes. In one address before the Christian Association of Ithaca, the Pandita is reported to have "sketched vividly the condition of her sex in India, and pointed out especially how the early religious marriage of children deprives the women of her country utterly of all freedom of thought and action."

COMMENTING on the fact that the Boden Professor of Sanskrit at Oxford is about to be assisted by a Deputy Professor whose stipend will be not less than £333 per annum, the *Educational Record* says;—"A young Indian Sanskritist might do worse than go to Oxford for five or six years, and Oxford might do worse than engage a Deputy Professor from India."

THE number of emigrants who left the port of Calcutta in the month of July last was 1,620, of whom 490 went to Trinidad and 1,130 to Demerara.

THE continuation of the Bilaspur-Etawah railway from Umaria is to be proceeded with immediately. The contractors have received an intimation that the line must be carried to Bilaspur by 1889.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE 11th Bengal Lancers will probably furnish the escort for the Boundary Commission. No British officer will be sent with the party, who will go by the shortest route to the Herat frontier.

THE Commander-in-Chief, leaving Simla early in October, travels *viâ* Chakrata and Mussoorie to Dehra, and thence to Rurki. He then goes straight to Sibi to accompany the Viceroy round the frontier.

THE advance party 8-1 Northern Division, R.A., reached Calcutta on Thursday, and proceed to Fort Fulta to relieve the detachment of the 5-1 Lancaster Division, R.A.

CAPTAIN S. H. HARRISON, 2nd Battalion, The King's (Liverpool Regiment), has been appointed Adjutant of the 2nd Volunteer Battalion, Lancashire Fusiliers.

LIEUTENANT M. NATHAN, R.E., has been placed under orders for duty in India in connection with the disposition and construction of coast defences.

THE following postings have been ordered:—

To 1st Battalions.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. A. Cox, Leicestershire Regiment; Captain C. M. Blackett and Second-Lieutenant Somerset, Rifle Brigade; Captain A. F. Campbell-Johnston, East Kent Regiment; Captain A. D. D. Kelly, Border Regiment; and Second-Lieutenant Holt, Hampshire Regiment.

To 2nd Battalion.—Major R. K. Watson and Captain J. A. H. Reilly, Leicestershire Regiment.

THE following appointments have been made:—

2nd Punjab Cavalry.—Colonel R. C. R. Clifford, to be Second-in-Command, *vice* Colonel J. H. Broome, deceased, and to remain seconded for employment in the Commissariat and Transport Department; Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Campbell, to be Second-in-Command, *sub pro tem*, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Money; Major L. T. Bishop and Captain C. J. L. Stuart, Squadron Commanders, to move up in grade succession, and Captain A. C. Batten, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander.

9th Bengal Infantry.—Lieutenant E. R. R. Swiney, from the 33rd Bengal Infantry, to be Wing Officer, on probation

38th Bengal Infantry.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. E. Gowan, attached, to be Wing Commander, *vice* Captain T. H. Goldney.

1st Battalion 4th Gurkhas.—Lieutenant G. H. C. Colomb, attached to the 1st Battalion 2nd Gurkhas, to be Wing Officer, *vice* Captain H. J. Bolton.

2nd Sikhs.—Lieutenant T. Jermyn, to be Adjutant.

2nd Bengal Infantry.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. D. Gordon, Second-in-Command, to be Commandant, *vice* Colonel T. N. Baker, who vacates on the 20th instant; Major B. Channer, to be Second-in-Command; and Captain J. A. C. Wedderburn, to be Wing Commander.

THE 1st Battalion South Yorkshire Light Infantry, the service companies of which are now in Burma and the Indian depot at Dinapore, will embark for England at Bombay on the 25th November. Captain B. G. H. Gardner, Paymaster of the Battalion, will be transferred most probably to the 1st Battalion, Suffolk Regiment, to complete his Indian tour of service.

LIEUTENANT A. J. H. LUARD, 2nd Battalion, Norfolk Regiment, has been appointed Transport Officer, Minbu Command, *vice* Lieutenant A. M. Caulfield, appointed Brigade Transport Officer, 4th Brigade, Myingyan.

CAPTAIN FAURE-FIELD, Military Accounts Department, Field Paymaster, on relief by Captain Young, will proceed to Rawal Pindi as Deputy Paymaster.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL H. M. BURGESS, Commanding the Royal Artillery in Burma, has been granted leave to visit Australia.

THE 5-1st Lancashire Division, R. A., will leave Fort William on the 21st instant for Bombay *en route* for Aden, and will be relieved by the 8-1st Northern Division, R. A., from Agra.

OFFICERS on Field Service appointed to a more lucrative appointment are not allowed free conveyance by rail and river under such circumstances.

THE Burma Field Force subscribed Rs. 2,736-13-8 towards the Imperial Institute.

THE following officers have passed the examination in the Burmese language:—

By the Lower Standard.—Captain Young, 27th Madras Infantry, with great credit.

By the Elementary Standard.—Lieutenant-Colonel Butler, 17th Madras Infantry, with credit; Lieutenant Milne, 5th Bombay Light Infantry; Lieutenant C. W. Jones, 1st Rifle Brigade; Surgeon Dey, I.M.S.; Surgeon Nandi, I.M.S.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. A. BRUCE, Assistant Commissary-General, 1st Class, Executive Commissariat Officer of the 1st Brigade, at Mandalay, has been ordered to Bangalore, and will be relieved by Captain E. E. Kenny, Assistant Commissary-General, 3rd Class.

APPLICATIONS from officers of the British Service for leave to Europe on private affairs are in future to be restricted to one year.

SQUADRON and Wing Officers of native regiments, who have not passed the qualifying examination for promotion to the grade of Squadron or Wing Commander, are liable to be passed over for promotion in their regiments.

THE attention of General Officers Commanding Divisions and Districts is invited to the Regulations which direct that probationers for the Staff Corps are not to be detached from their native regiments during any portion of their period of probation.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Sept. 8th.—The barometer has fallen over the whole of India except the extreme South, but the changes are nowhere large. The slight depression in the Bay has disappeared, and pressure is now remarkably uniform over Northern and Central India and the Northern half of the Bay. The winds are light everywhere, and are very variable in direction in Upper India, where the air motion is almost nil. The mean temperature yesterday was two degrees higher in Northern India than on the previous day, and the air from five to ten per cent. drier. Showers fell in Burma on the West Coast districts and Southern India. Four stations only reported amounts slightly exceeding one inch.

SIMLA, September 9th. The barometer has fallen over the whole of India; slightly in the south, and briskly in Northern India. The fall varies from a tenth to a seventh of an inch in South Bengal, Aracan the Western districts of N. W. P. and the Indus valley. The winds are again increasing on the Bombay coast and rain has fallen in the largest amounts in coast districts. Ratnagari reports seven inches Karwar; three Goa, Poona two, and Sholapdr one, light showers were also received in the Deccan and Central Provinces. The skies cleared yesterday over greater part N. W. P. The winds are very feeble at the head of the Bay and there is a tendency to the formation of a depression in the north-east of the Bay and south-east Bengal There was no rain fall yesterday in Bengal the N. W. P. the Punjab and Central India except a third of an inch at Peshawar and half an inch at Chittagong.

SEPTEMBER 10th.—The barometer has again fallen over the whole of India. The fall is large over the whole of Northern and Central India generally exceeding a tenth of an inch. It is largest at the head of the Bay and South Bengal, where it is nearly a sixth of an inch A depression and cyclonic whirl appears to be forming at the head of the Bay, but the air motion accompanying it, judging from Diamond Island Wind Returns is as yet feeble. Light showers have fallen in Burmah and the Coast districts of Bengal and Orissa. The most important feature of yesterday's weather is a very rapid increase of the winds on the West Coast from Karwar to Kurrachee. A strong monsoon is again blowing on the West Coast, which is giving heavy rain to the Coast districts. Bombay reports 10 inches; Rutnagiri, 4; Surat, 1. The rainfall is also extending into the interior, and the Deccan district and Central Provinces, received. Light to moderate rain yesterday. Malegaon, Amraoti, Satara and Dhulia each report 1 inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered.	78 71	80 57	77 2	77 48
Sept. 10, Saturday ...	8 30	77 73	6 95	7 84
" 11, Sunday	3 9	3 8	3 20	......
Total...	90 10	91 38	87 17	85 32
Total corresponding date of last year...	87 40	94 33	89 66	93 80

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

A GENERAL meeting of the members of the Corps was held at the Volunteer Club, on Saturday evening, for the purpose of electing officers of the Battery. Major Roughton, Commandant, presided, and there was a very large attendance of members. Gunner Robertson proposed, and Gunner J. W. Smith seconded, a resolution that the election should be deferred for the present, mainly on the ground that the members of the Corps had not had sufficient time to become acquainted with each other; to which Gunner Hodges proposed, and Gunner Beckerley seconded, an amendment to the effect that the election should be proceeded with at once. The resolution, on being put to the meeting, was only supported by its proposer and seconder and declared lost, and the election proceeded. Four gentlemen were candidates for the Captaincy and six for Lieutenancies. Gunners H. W. Barrow and J. Leask were selected as scrutineers, and at once proceeded, with the chairman, to examine the voting papers. The election took place by ballot upon the French principle, that no candidate could be successful unless he secured an absolute majority of the members voting. After the lapse of half an hour Major Roughton declared that, although the voting had been close, and three ballots were found necessary in each instance, Gunner A. Leslie, of Sir C. Forbes and Company, had been elected Captain, the next in order of voting being Gunner T. S. Weir, Health Officer to the Municipality; whilst Gunners E. Mitchell, Assistant Editor of the *Times of India*, and H. O'Connor, Assistant Engineer to the Gas Company, were elected first and second Lieutenants, respectively, *proxime accessit*, Gunner Kenneth Macaulay. Mr. Leslie, we believe, has, in connection with the Calcutta Naval Artillery Volunteers, already passed the examination prescribed by the Volunteer Regulations for Captains in Artillery Volunteers, and holds the necessary certificate; and the Corps is to be congratulated on the selection of so eligible a candidate. After a vote of thanks to the scrutineers, the meeting broke up with cheers for the new officers and Major Roughton.

HEAVY RAINS IN BOMBAY.

FOR pretty nearly three days, commencing on Friday last, there was an almost incessant downpour of rain in Bombay. The storm followed brilliant flashes of lightning and terrific peals of thunder. The Maidan was speedily submerged and the Oval several inches under water. The condition of the roads between the Wodehouse Bridge and the Y. M. C. A. Rooms may be readily imagined when it is said that there was sufficient water on them to float a bunder-boat. The water covered the vacant ground south of the Cooperage, and overflowing the road, where it was nearly two feet deep, converted the land adjoining the Tramway stables into a vast pond, in which the buffaloes disported themselves. At Malabar Hill the surface of roads was washed away, and at Camballa much damage was done to garden produce, several of the compounds being entirely washed out. Here and there at the corners of the road the surface had become banked up, and between 8 and 9 o'clock the water-courses down Malabar Hill appeared as though fed by some mountain torrent. Great cascades fell from the high ground into the road beneath, and one of these came with a clean fall of six feet on to the roadway. Parts of the Nepean Sea Road were two feet deep in water. Parel Road was at least a foot under water, while from Camballa Hill the torrents were particularly strong. The road at the bottom of Walkeshwar Road at the Chinchpooghly end of Malabar Hill, on which the landslip occurred at the burst of the monsoon, subsided still further, and is now at least three or four feet lower than it was. At Byculla the rainfall was equally heavy and the Flats were entirely covered. In the Fort, between Meadow Street and Messrs. Treacher's establishment, the road was next to impassable, the tram lines in the centre of the road being covered, while at the sides the water was level with and in some places above the footpaths. Various other parts of the town were flooded, especially in the neighbourhood of the Null Bazaar, Khetwady, Girgaum, New Foras Road, Cammateepora, Oomercarry, Bhendy Bazaar Road, Grant Road and the Northbrook Gardens. Khetwadi and portions of Girgaum and Grant Roads are among the low-lying portions of the city, so the roads there are very soon flooded. On Saturday morning knee-deep water was collected near the Churney Road station. The street of that name was also flooded, the compound of the Albless Baugh, where marriage festivities among Parsees are celebrated, was one lake. In Khetwadi, near Cama Baugh, another charitable institution of the Parsees designed for a similar purpose, the water remained for some hours. In some of the lanes in Khetwadi it was up to the waist, and men and beasts were put to great difficulty in wading through it. The drainage there during the last three or four years has been so far improved as to receive the water faster than was formerly the case. Otherwise there is no doubt the high water mark recorded there in the present case would have exceeded by a foot or two. All about Null Bazaar people had to make the best of their way through a vast pool. The Lime Kiln Lane and portions of Girgaum Back Road were also flooded more or less. Small lanes in low-lying districts suffered most. There the water remained for hours, the means of outlet being particularly insufficient. On Sunday morning Albless and Cama Baughs and the lanes of Khetwadi were again flooded. In some places the water was 4 feet deep. The Alfred Road all along presented a succession of pools. A few palm trees are reported to have fallen in the Girgaum district, but beyond this and similar damage to property, only one accident is reported, that (reported elsewhere) in which a little native boy being carried away by the rush of water was drowned in a gully.

From 6 p.m. on Friday, the rainfall in the Fort was 7 inches 73 cents, making a total rainfall of 89 inches as against 94 inches up to the corresponding date last year. The amount of rainfall to 6 last evening brought the total to 91 inches 38 cent. as against 94 inches 32 cents. last year. The storm, it appears, travelled gradually up the Coast and has now begun to prevail in the Deccan and up-country districts.

CRICKET AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM A CASUAL CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, SEPT. 9.

A CRICKET match was played here to-day, between the Right and Left Half Batteries A.-2 R. A., resulting in a win for the latter, by 1 innings and 88 runs. The weather was rather warm for play, and the ground bad; another thing, one of the Right Half players (after the 1st innings) lost his temper and left the ground, this, with Corporal Peck (who is a good Cricketer) being sick, left the Right Half Battery rather weak. The scores are as under:—

RIGHT ½ BATTERY.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Corpl Ellison, b Ferguson	0	b Gr Bully Substitute Stock	5
Corpl Peck, std Ferguson	2	c Whitcombe	4
Br Cottingham, std Ferguson.	9	b Hall	0
Dr Elliott, b Hall	3	run out	0
Gr Cook 2nd, b Hall	0	b Hall	4
Dr Pittard, not out	0	b Hall	3
Dr Campbell, b Ferguson	0	b Ferguson	3
Gr Dring, b Ferguson	5	not out	1
Gr Geddes, b Hall	0	b Hall	1
Br Lloyd, b Hall	1	b Hall	0
Gr S Taylor, s d Hall	1	b Hall	0
Extras	15	Extras	8
Total	36	Total	29

Grand Total......65.

LEFT ½ BATTERY.

Dr Davies, b Ellison	4
Gr Adcock, c Peck	0
Gr Hall, run out	85
Br Ferguson, c Dring	15
Gr Spencer, c Elliott	0
Tpt Meloney, b Ellison	0
Corpl Stock, b Elliott	14
Gr Raynor, c Cottingham	0
Gr Whitecombe, b Elliott	6
Gr Cotter, b Elliott	4
Gr Boulter, not out	3
Extras	22
Total	153

BY way of diversion, says the Murree correspondent of the Lahore paper, a party of ladies and gentlemen are amusing themselves by going through a set of quadrilles *on horseback*, on the Depot cricket ground. The writer then says:—"One noticed them for a few evenings at practice without music, but this evening (Saturday, the 3rd) there they go round to the strains of the Carabiniers' band. Ladies and gentlemen, 16 in all, mounted on a set of wretched tats—typical grass-cutters' tats—nearly every one of them went round, in and out, 'ladies chains,' and all the rest of it, for the space of an hour, and without once changing their mounts."

THE POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 10.

THE proverbial Poona rain again attended the races to-day, though it was not so heavy as on Thursday. All day the rain came down in torrents, and it was feared that the races would have to be postponed, but just an hour before the time fixed for the first event there was a slight break and the races came off after all, though the course was in a fearful condition and "going" very heavy. In comparison with the first day and the decisions of the different events to-day's proceedings seemed very tame and altogether lacked sport. There were six items on the card again, but none of them produced any good finishes, the winners were either "morals" or rank outsiders. In only two cases did the favourite come to the post—that was Eclipse in the first race and Diglah in "The Maiden Galloways," while in the others strangers carried all before them. Such being the results the proceeding wanted the charm of good racing and exciting endings. The bookmakers, of course, had no reason to complain with things in this state, and during the evening many a bet was upset. There is one thing which I fancy if remedied would give more satisfaction another day, and that is the fault of serving up the best races at the end when it gets quite dark and all lose their interest in what is going on. For instance, such an event as "The Welter," or "The Ghorpoori Stakes," might easily have given way to the "Pony Derby" which was, next to "The Governor's Cup," the most important item. Still we cannot have everything perfect, though the Stewards might let us have a treat if it were only to compensate for the nasty weather. I was glad to see there was betting for place in "The Governor's Cup," and thought if this was done in the other two events the public would have appreciated the concession very much in the shape of a valuable return.

"The Welter" was the first race and Eclipse was considered a moral for it. As he always does he ran as good as was expected and simply walked away from his companions. He is a grand animal and I am afraid will not meet his match this year, at least at this meeting. Amos, capitally ridden by Brewty in his old style, pulled off "The Ghorpoori Stakes," snatching it from Signal, who was popularly credited with it. This was the first surprise, and if Signal or any of the others had only made a fight for it it would have been worth seeing, for unless you have laid heavy metal on him, it is the most insipid thing to see an outsider flying yards a head of the field. It was a pleasure to find that the Aga's horse Burnett won "The Aga Khan's Purse." The horse was not taken much into account generally and so he may also be considered an outsider, as the favourite with the public and the bookmakers was Namdar on whom was level money. He however was nowhere in the thing, the winner carreering in front the whole way. A good field of ten came to the post for "The Maiden Galloway" and Diglah won as expected, doing it in a canter. A fine horse is Diglah, trained by the jockey who steered him home so well. Mintmaster had also many fanciers, but those who knew the grey's form, though he did not shine in "The Derby" on Thursday, considered it a moral for him. "The Governor's Cup" fell to Little Wonder, to the no little consternation of every one. The event was to be Silvermane's by general opinion, and by no one more so than by his sporting owner, who, I believed, has lost a good thousand or two on him. The dread name of Silvermane I learnt kept other entries out, and the fact will account for the small field, so that the defeat was a pleasure to many others besides the bookmakers. How it was that popular fancy attached itself to Silvermane I don't know, as subsequent events proved Samnite, his stable companion, possessed much better form. Little Wonder has been trained, I believe, by Wheal, who can now look with no small pride on the outcome of his care. The news that his little *protege* had pulled off the event of the day must have been very cheering to him, as he required some such thing to solace him, for early in the evening Wheal met with a serious accident, having been knocked down and run over by a carriage, as he was making his way to the Grand Stand. There is a possibility that the favourite, who ran a perfect wretch this evening, might yet do something to regain the reputation he has lost. There is such a glorious uncertainty in racing, and it may be that a heavy course is not one on which he can do anything. The last surprise occurred in "The Derby," when Kingsley again, guided by Wool, secured the judge's verdict from a field of nine. Mirror and Young Chorister, of the Confederacy, were backed to win, and the result was most unexpected.

I forgot to mention that H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, atttended by Colonel Beecher and Captain Metcalfe, was present the whole evening, and Lord and Lady Reay, attended by Capt. Hamilton, a portion of the time, having just arrived as the field were started for his Excellency's Cup. By the way it would be some very good management if the Stewards placed a sensible lot of men to pass those who wear the blue badge—their own—and ticket holders, as I saw one had the presumption to stop and demand a ticket from his Royal Highness as he entered the ring. The Duke, who took it very good humouredly, pointed to his badge. He is a patron, but the diligent gatekeeper, who was a European too, asked for a ticket and then, probable fancying his Royal Highness looked respectable enough and possibly had his ticket somewhere, desisted from pressing for a glance at the pasteboard. Having chronicled that little incident I must add that the Duke was not a little surprised by it. But that by no means equalled what the faithful servant experienced when he learnt who it was he had interfered with. He gave vent to an expression which included himself and which, of course, I as a virtuous chronicler cannot reproduce. I shall conclude by adding that the capital band of the Durham Regiment played a pretty selection of music during the evening whenever the rain allowed them to do so. The third day of the meeting will be Tuesday, when a fine day's sport is expected. I send you the lotteries, by which it will be seen how favouritism ran and was misplaced.

The following are the details:—

1ST RACE.—"The Welter."—Rs. 600. For all Arabs, the property of officers of the services, or members of the Clubs named. Weight for age, raised 28lbs. Winner once 4lbs., twice 7lbs., oftener 10lbs. extra. Maidens allowed 7lbs. Galloways allowed 7lbs. G. R. Entrance 1st May 1 G. M., 1st July 3, 1st Sept. 6. When the race will close with a Sweepstakes of 2 G. M. for each horse declared to start. Distance 1½ miles. "The Criterion" and this race are open only to officers of H. M.'s services, Civil (Covenanted), Military and Naval, and members of the following Clubs, *viz.*, any Club in England recognised by the G. N. H. Rules, the Bengal Club, Calcutta; Byculla, Yacht Club, and Bombay Clubs, Bombay; Madras Club, Madras; and Western India Club, Poona.

Mr. Melton's ch a h Eclipse, 10st. 11lbs., Capt. MacDougall	1
Mr. James' b a h Admiral, 10st. 7lbs., Capt. Conran.	2
Mr. Broadwood's ch a geld Marschaum, 10st. 4lbs., Owner	3
Capt. Steele's b a h North Star, 10st. 7lbs., Dr. Gaye	0

Betting (approximate): 3 to 1 on Eclipse, 3 to 1 against Marschaum, 4 to 1 against Admiral.

There was a good start, and as soon as he could Eclipse jumped to the lead with Admiral in close attendance and North Star with Marschaum parred behind a couple of lengths separating them from the others. Admiral closed with Eclipse part of the way, but never got on even terms with him. The favourite thus was never headed and won in a canter, almost a dozen length separating him from Admiral.—Time 2min. 35secs.

2ND RACE.—"The Ghorpoorie Stakes"—Rs. 500 from the Fund. A Selling Race for all horses. Weight 10st. Winner to be sold for Rs. 1,200. If entered to be sold for less, 3lbs. allowed for every Rs. 50 down to Rs. 600. Previous winners 7lbs. extra. Entrance 1 G. M. Starting Sweepstakes 2 G. M. Distance ¾ mile.

Major Beaver's b w g Amos, 8st. 4lbs., Brewty	1
Mr. Dale's b a g Timotheus, 9st. 3lbs., Dr. Gaye	2
Mr. Gordon's r a m Signal, 10st. 7lbs., Mr. Broadwood	3
Mr. Cook's b aus m Princess Maude, 9st. 9lbs., Thompson	0
Mr. C.-N.-C's c w g Masquerade, 7st. 6lbs., Greenhalgh	0

Betting (approximate): 3 to 1 on Signal, 6 to 1 against Princess Maud, 10 to 1 against Amos, 3 to 1 against Timotheus, and 6 to 1 against Masquerade.

Mr. Beatty sent the lot away well together and Timotheus, with the Doctor up, at once took the lead with Masquerade and Amos in close attendance. Signal was nearly lost and forced the race near the turn for home, where however Timotheus still retained the lead though closely pressed by Amos. Getting into the straight

Amos steered by Brewty forged ahead, passing Timotheus, who made a game fight for the judge's verdict. Amos however secured that by two lengths, Signal making a poor third. The latter was put up and bought in at 2020. Time —1min. 23½secs.

3RD RACE.—"His Highness the Aga Khan's Purse" of Rs. 500, for all Maiden Arabs. Weight for age. Winners once 4lbs., twice 7lbs., oftner 10lbs. extra. The winner of the Derby to carry a special extra penalty of 5lbs. Entrance 1st May 2 G. M., 1st July 4, 1st Septemher 8. A Sweepstaker of 5 G. M. for each horse declared to start. R. C. and a distance. Four horses in different interests to start or the Purse will be witheld.

H. H. Aga Khan's b a c Burnett, 7st. 6lbs., Oomer... 1
Mr. Framjee's c a c Raby, 9st., Wool... 2
Mr. Mirza Ahmed's b a c Nadarsha, 7st. 6lbs., Ramchurn... 3
Mr. Ali Abdoola's b a c Namdar, 8st. 7lbs., Kendall... 0

Betting (approx.) 3 to 2 against Raby even, and 2 to 1 against Namdar, 6 to 1 against Burnett and 5 to 2 against Nadar Shah.

Making the most of a good start Burnett jumped off ahead at once, scampering away improving the lead by by half a dozen lengths when the hill was reached, Raby here lessened the distance between himself and the leader. Namdar seemed to be out it of altogether falling back descending the hill, where all the horses tailed off with Burnett still at the head, Raby being second and Nadir Shah behind him. This order was maintained till the bend when, coming up the straight Burnett simply walked away from his companions. Three lengths separated Nadir Shah and Roby who was a bad second. Time 3-17 secs. lat. 1½ mile 3-11 secs.

4TH RACE.—"The Maiden Galloway"—Rs. 500 from the Fund. For all Maiden Arabs and C. B. Galloways. Weight for age and inches. Galloways landed after the 1st September 1886 allowed 4 lbs. Previous Winners once 3 lbs., twice 5 lbs., oftener 7 lbs. extra. The Winner of the Derby or Galloway plate to carry a special extra penalty of 5 lbs., C. B's allowed 7 lbs. When the race will close with a sweepstakes of 3 G. M. for each horse declared to start. Distance 1½ miles.

Mr Kismet's g a g Diglah, 8st 11lbs, Taylor ... 1
Aga Jungee Shah's g a g Turquoise, 7st 6lbs, Greenhaugh ... 2
Hyderabad Confederacy's ch a g Goldfinch, 8st 13lbs, Kendall ... 3
Aga Zenal Abedin Shah's b a g, Syed 9st, Dr Gaye 0
H H Aga Khan's b a g British Flag, 8st 13lbs, Oomer ... 0
Mr Framjee's b a g Halab, 8st 9lbs, Wool ... 0
Mr Cook's g a g Deerfoot, 8st 8lbs, Brewty ... 0
Mr P Ratanji's bn a g Passey, 7st 5lbs, Ramchurn 0
Mr P Ratanji's ch a g Daylight, 7st 4lbs, Muttar... 0
Mr C N C's b a g Mintmaster, 7st 3lbs, Ahmed ... 0

Betting: 3 to 2 Diglah, 3 and 4 to 1 Turquoise, 3 to 1 Goldfinch, 10 to 1 Syed, 2 and 3 to 1 Mintmaster, 5 to 1 Passey.

After one or two break aways the field went off together. Deerfoot then went ahead with Diglah, Torquoise, and Mintmaster close at his heels. On reaching the hill Diglah improved his position and coming on terms with Deerfoot past him and from thence maintained the lead which he increased as home got nearer. Up the straight Taylor walked away from the winning by 5 lengths. Turquoise was a bad second and Goldfinch a fair third.

5TH RACE.—"The Governor's Cup"—Value Rs. 1,000, psesented by H. E. the Governor of Bombay. A Handicap for all Arabs and Bombay Presidency country breds. The Handicap to be published the day before ihe Race. Top weights not to exceed 11st. Distance R. C. and a distance. Entrance 1st May 2 G. M., 1st July 6, 1st September 10, when the race will close wiih a sweepstakes of 5 G. M. for each horse declared to start. Four horses in different interests to start or the Cup will be withheld. Winner to receive the Cup and 60 per cent. of the Stakes; the second Horse 30 per cent. of the Stakes; the third Horse 10 per cent. of the Stakes. Half forfeit of entrance if declared before the 5th September.

Mr Sempton's ch a g Little Wonder, 7st 4lbs, Wool ... 1
Mr Runjeet's ch a h Tynedale, 9st 1lb, J Robinson, Jnr ... 2
Hyderabad Confederacy's br a h Samnite, 9st 1lb, Dunn ... 3
Hyderabad Confederacy's ch a h Silvermane, 9st 9lbs, Kendall ... 0
Mr S A W's b a h Tory, 7st 11lbs, Greenhaugh ... 0
Mr Barnett's b a h The Monk, 6st 11lbs, Native... 0
Mr Dale's b a c Mediator, 6st 9lbs, Native ... 0
Aga Moochool Shah's b a c The Duke, 5st 7lbs, Native ... 0

Betting: 2 to 1 Silvermane, 20 to 1 Little Wonder, 8 to 1 Tynedale, 3 to 1 Monk, 10 to 1 Samnite.

After one or two breakaways a good start was effected. Little Wonder took up the running and lead as the field past the stand the first time. Torquoise came a length behind with Samnite and Silvermane some distance behind. The leader retained his position at the head of affairs and Tynedale improved his position and Samnite in close attendance. This was the position the remainder of the journey till the turn for home, when Little Wonder was closely pressed by Tynedale up the straight, but the latter lost the judge's verdict by half a length, and three lengths separated him from Samnite. Time 3min. 18sec.

6TH RACE.—The Pony Derby—Rs. 1,000 from the Fund; for all Maiden Ponies. Weight for age and inches; aged 13-2 to carry 9st; ponies landed after 1st September 1886, allowed 5 lbs. Winners once 3 lbs, twice 5lbs, oftner 7 lbs extra, C B's allowed 7 lbs. Walers and English to carry 7 lbs extra. Entrance 1st May 2 G M, 1st July 5, 1st Sept. 10, when the race will close with a sweepstakes of 3 G M for each pony declared to start. Half this starting sweepstakes to go to the third pony. Distance ¾ mile.

H H the Thakore Saheb of Rajkote's b a p Kingsley late Hilal, 7st 10lb, Wool ... 1
Mr Cook's b a p Tenasserim, 9st, Brewty ... 2
Mr Stronach's b a p Commotion, Greenhaugh... 3
Hyderabad Confederacy's g a p Mirror, 9st Kendall ... 0
Mr Macpherson's b a p Suspense 9st, Vinall ... 0
Mr Kismet's g a p Witness, 8st 13lb, Taylor ... 0
H H Aga Khan's g a p Shyda, 8st 7lb, Oomer,. 0
Mr Ali Abdoola's b a p Young Chorister 8st 7lb, Dunn ... 0
Mr P Ratanji's b a p Sharp, 8st 3lb, Ramchurn. 0
Hyderabad Confederacy's b a p Bulbul, 7st 12lb. Luchman ... 0

Betting: 4 and 2 to 1 Kingsley, even and, 3 to 2 against Mirror, 2 to 1 young Chorister 4 to 1 Tenasserim, 5 to 1 Commotion, 5 to 1 Bulbul and the rest of the field.

Owing to Shyda becoming very fractions and disorderly, rearing and kicking and refusing to join the others, several attempts to get a start failed. Then when Shyda became manageable Mirror began to play the same game. This spoilt further attempts at stating, and this added to several of the others becoming restive and breaking away so that Mr. Beatty had a rare business in commencing the race. After the field had advanced to the post and retired about thirteen times they were eventually sent well away, Suspense and Shyda making the running with Tenasserim and Commotion next and Kingsley at their heels. After a short while Tenasserim took the lead and maintained it till the bend was reached. Mirror was jammed in in the group behind those mentioned and near the straight improved his position a bit. In the straight however Kingsley guided by Wool forged ahead and fought hard and successfully with Tenasserim for the first place, which be won by half a length. Tenasserim had made a good fight of it and was a capital second, Commotion being a fair third and the favourite, Mirror an indifferent fourth, Time, 1-29 secs.

THE following is the result of the Ordinaries:—

THE GHORPOORI STAKES.—Value of Tickets Rs. 1,000.

Timotheus ... 20
Masquerade ... 90
Signal ... 740
Amos ... 80
Princess Maude ... 280

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Value of Tickets each Rs. 1,000.

The Monk ... 50 ... 20
Tory ... 90 ... 100
Tynedale ... 110 ... 180
Hyderabad Confederacy's stable ... 600 ... 600
The Duke ... 20 ... 10
Little Wonder ... 50 ... 20
Mediator ... 60 ... 10

THE PONY DERBY.—Value of Tickets Rs. 1,000.

Shyda ... 30
Sharp ... 10
Tenasserim ... 170
Witness ... 180
Commotion ... 90
Suspense ... 30
Mr. Ali Abdoola's stable ... 630

THE MAIDEN GALLOWAYS.—Value of Tickets Rs. 1,000.

Goldfinch ... 100
British Flag ... 30
Hallab ... 30
Mintmaster ... 210
Turquoise ... 200
Syed ... 20
Mr. Ruttonjee's stable ... 130
Diglah ... 300
Deerfoot ... 90

H. H. AGA KHAN'S PURSE.—Value of Tickets Rs. 1,000.

Namdar ... 300
Raby ... 250
Nadershah ... 130
Burnett ... 70

THE WELTER.—Value of Tickets Rs. 1,000.

Eclipse ... 600
North Star ... 50
Admiral ... 90
Marechaum ... 90

BOMBAY RACES 1888.

THE following are the September entrances for the Bombay Races of 1888:—

THE DERBY.

Mr Aga Jan's ... b a h Turn of Luck
Genl Solly-Flood's ... b a h Comrade
Mr Sulliman bin Dawood's . ch a h Grand Duke
Hyderabad Confederacy's . g a h Mohsen
Hyderabad Confederacy's . r b a h Samnite
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Connaught
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Namdar
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Young Shere Ali
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Horror
H H Aga Khan's ... br a h Emperor (late Sunrise)
H H Aga Khan's ... b a c Burnett, late Mooneer
H H Aga Junghee Shah's ... ch a h Cœur de Lion
H H Aga Junghee Shah's ... g a h Diamond
Mr Farmer's ... c a c Scinder
Mr Farmer's ... br a h Viceroy
Mr Farmer's ... b a h Paris
Mr Aga Mirza Ahmed's ... b a c Nadershah
H H The Chief of Mudhol's . b a c Dictator
Mr S A W's ... c a h Denmark

THE COWASJEE JEHANGEER PURSE.

Hyderabad Confederacy's ... ch a g Goldfinch
H H Aga Khan's ... b a g British Flag
H H Aga Junghee Shah's ... i g a g Turquoise
Mr Aga Zenool Abudeen Shah's ... b a g Syed
Mr Farmer's ... b a g Kolibe

THE ECLIPSE STAKES.

Hyderabad Confederacy's ... g a p Mirror
Hyderabed Confederacy's ... b a p Bul Bul
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a p Young Chorister
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... ch a p Flame Boy
H H Aga Khan's ... g a p Shyda
H H Aga Khan's ... b a p Khadaree
H H Aga Junghee Shah's ... b a p Emerald
Nawab Afsur Jung's ... b a p Boneen

THE WELTER.

Genl Solly-Flood's ... b a h Comrade
Col LeMarchant's and Mr Herbert's ... b a h Indigo (late Black and Blue)
Do. Do. ... br a c Satam
Mr Hyde's ... g a p Gone away

THE TURF CLUB CUP.

Mr. Aga Jan's ... b a h Turn of Luck.
Genl Solly-Flood's ... b a h Comrade.
Mr Sulliman bin Dawood's ... ch a h Grand Duke.
Col LeMarchant's and Mr. Herbert's ... b a h Indigo.
Do. ... br a c Satam.
Mr Herbert's ... b a h Asil.
Colonel B's ... c c b c Jupiter.
Hyderabad Confederacy's. ch a h Sunshine.
Do do ... ch a h Silvermane.
Do do ... g a h Mohsen.
Do do ... r b a h Samnite.
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Connaught.
Do ... b a c Namdar.
Do ... b a c Young Shere Ali.
Do ... b a c Horror.
H H Aga Khan's ... b a c Burnett.
Do ... br a h Emperor.
Do ... b a h Asad Khan.
H H Aga Junghee Shah's c a h Cœur de Lion.
Do do ... g a h Happy New Year.
Mr Farmer's ... c a c Scinder
Do ... br a h Viceroy.
Do ... b a h Paris.
Mr Aga Mirza Ahmed's ... b a c Nadershah.
H H The Chief of Mudhol's ... b a c Dictator.
Mr S A W's ... b a h Tory.
Nawab Afsur Jung's ... b a g Bloodstone.

H. H. AGA KHAN'S PURSE.

Mr Aga Jan's ... b a h Turn of Luck.
Genl Solly-Flood's ... b a h Comrade.
Hyderabad Confederacy's .. r b a h Samnite.
Do. do. ... g a h Mohsen.
Mr Ali Abdoola's ... b a c Connaught.
Do. ... b a c Namdar.
Do. ... b a c Young Shere Ali.
Do. ... b a c Horror.
H H Aga Khan's ... b a c Burnett.
Do. ... br a h Emperor.
H H Aga Junghee Shah's .c a h Cœur de Lion.
Do. do. ... g a h Diamond.
Mr Aga Mirza Ahmed's ... b a c Nadershah.
H H the Chief of Mudhol's ... b a c Dictator.
Mr S A W's ... c a h Denmark.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Liverpool boat, Niagra, 2,044 tons, Captain P Cottier, arrived in Bombay yesterday with a general cargo from Glasgow (Aug 7) via Karachi (Sept 8). She had Mr Taylor, a passenger, on board.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Shajehan, 1,035 tons, sailed yesterday, under Captain Leftwich, for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and one passenger for Cannanore.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kilwa, Captain J B Mackay, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf and Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers on board:—Mr R H J Rustomji and B H J Rustomji, Master Dinsha H Mistry, and Mr E K Arklie—for Karachi; and sixty two deck for Persian Gulf and Karachi.

THE s. s. Pachumba, 544 tons, Captain J W Livingstone, arrived in Bombay, yesterday afternoon, from Karachi and Kathiawad Coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers on board:—Rev. Father Belz, Mr Wilson, Mr M M Dadina, and friend nine soldiers (among them, two prisoners) belonging to the Worcester Regt, and two hundred and eleven on deck.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

10TH SEPTEMBER, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
„ Amphitrite	2486	L. Lemesick	A	J. Janni.
S.S. Britannia	1991	Blight	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Deccan	2022	Case	C	P. & O. Co.
„ C. Graham	1911	T. White	G	F. Muir & Co.
„ Kerbella	3586	D. Stuart	H J	B. I. S. N. Co.
„ Kt. of St. John	2286	J. L. Shiell	K	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Bormida	1499	G. B. Digaino	L	F. Bezzoni.
„ Assam	1597	W. H. Wheler	N	P. & O. Co.
„ Etolia	2036	Gill	O	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Avoc	...	...	Ibis	V. Ebrahim & Co

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
10	Niagra (s)	Cottier	Glasgow, Aug. 7.
11	Pachumba (s)	Livingston	Karachi, Sept. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
9	D. Baldino (s)	Dodero	Genoa.
10	Shajehan (s)	Leftwich	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered outwards yesterday:—
Steamer Chiltern, for Aden.
„ Loodiana, for Calcutta.
„ Chindwara, for Rangoon and Calcutta.

The steamer Kilwa, Mackay, was cleared out on Saturday last for the Persian Gulf and Karachi.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVAL.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
6	Booldana s	Clark	Bombay, Aug. 27.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.		From.
8	Himalaya s	...	Rangoon.
	M. Meenatchy s	...	Singapore.
	Wardha s	...	London.

DEPARTURE.

Sept.	Vessel.		Destination.
7	Sutlej s	...	Calcutta.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 10.

FOR LONDON.

Assam (s), 55 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 13 bales hides and skins, P Edulji; 2,000 cwts wheat, The Bo Co Ld; 45 cwts gum, Nurpal Sajpal; 21 bales skins, S Maloobhai.

FOR VALENCIA.

Clan Graham (s), 1,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Clan Graham (s), 2,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

Assam (s), 300 cwts cuminseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ODESSA.

Elektra (s), 200 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Deccan (s), 20 bales twist, Shobhagmul.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida (s), 200 bales twist, M Moolchund; 100 bales twist, T Manechund; 300 bales twist, S Nathoo 84 bales twist, N Jivandass; 119 bales twist, F Nurally; 100 bales twist, W Poonjabai; 175 bales twist, M Sorabji.

Deccan (s), 50 bales twist, H A Esmail and Co; 35 bales twist and 1 case Cambay stones, A E Esmalji.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Ellora (s), 207 bales cotton, R Luckmandas.
Loodiana (s), 172 bales cotton, M Mackenzie and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 9.

Grame, Lt Col, Bo, K O Yorkshire L I, to join regt, from Poona.

Moffat, Major, Mad, S W Borderers, on leave, from Bangalore.

SEPTEMBER 10.

Cates, Dy Surgn Genl, Bo, I M S, on duty, from Ahmedabad.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 9.

Wilkins, Lt, Bo, 14th B I, on duty, to Bhuj.

SEPTEMBER 10.

Monckmason, Major, Bl R A, on privilege leave, to England.

Moffat, Major, Mad, S W Borderers, on leave, to England.

Westby, Major-Genl, Mad, 2nd Bedford Regt, on retirement, to England.

SEPTEMBER 11.

Rayment, Vety Surgn, Bl, H B Dept, on duty, to Babugarh.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. The Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, September 12th, 1887.

1. The usual monthly Regimental Committee meeting will be held at Head Quarters on Wednesday next, the 14th instant, at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

2. There will be drill at Head Quarters on Wednesday next, the 14th instant, from 9 to 10 p.m., Manual Firing and Bayonet Exercises for trained Volunteers, Squad drill for Recruits.

By Order,
(Sd.) EUST. FERRERS NICHOLSON, Capt.,
Officiating Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding, Bo. Vol. Artillery.

Bombay, September 12, 1887.

Parades for the current week.

1. General Parades of the Battery will be held in rear of the Town Hall, on Wednesday at 7 a.m., and on Saturday at 5-30 p.m., for Sword, Carbine and Squad drill.

Squad drill will also be held at the Head Quarters, Bombay Volunteer Rifle Corps, on Wednesday from 9 to 10 p.m.

Heavy gun drill will take place by detachments in the compound of the Arsenal, as follows:—

No. 1. Detachment Tuesday and Friday at 7 a.m.
No. 2. do. Tuesday and Friday at 5-30 p.m.
No. 3. do. Monday and Thursday at 5-30 p.m.
No. 4. do. Monday and Friday at 5-30 p.m.
No. 5. do. Tuesday and Thursday at 5-30 p.m.

2. Carbine practice will take place at the Rifle Range, Colaba, on Wednesday, the 14th instant, from 4 p.m., until dark, and on Friday evening the 16th from 6-30 to 8 a.m.

By Order,
G. W. ROUGHTON, MAJOR,
Commandant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, HEAD-QUARTERS,
Poona, Sept. 9th 1887.

The C-in-C is pleas to make the following a pointments:—

23rd Bo L I—Lieut W S Delamain, Wing Officer, to be Qr-Mr, vice Capt Penrose, who has vacated the apptt on promotion.

With the sanction of Govt, the C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Major J H Banks, 7th Dn Gds to Offte A A G at Army Hd-Qrs, with effect from the 28th Augt, 1887, inclusive vice Lt-Col F W Graham proceeded to England and until the return of Lt Col Dundas from furlough or until further orders.

Col A W Macnaghton, Cavy, is transfd from Genl duty, Poona to Genl duty Mhow.

Under instructions from Horse Gds, War Office, it is intimated that Major A B Stafford, No 1-1 Western Dvn, has been selected for apptt to the Depot N I Dvn, RA, and he is to proceed home by an early troopship of the ensuing season.

Under instructions from Horse Gds, the following officers are detailed for duty with their Regtl Depots and under such arrangments as Genl Officers Comdg, may direct, those now in India will proceed to England during the ensuing trooping season doing duty with troops on the voyage:—

7th Drn Gds—Capt F C Palmer.
2nd Gloster—Capt M D Keatinge, (at present in England.)
2nd E Y Regt—Capt W P Butler.
2nd Dur L I—Capt J W Ruddach, (at present in England), and Lt A W Baker.
2nd Dub Fus—Capt G A Shadforth.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to England with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

2nd Gloster Regt—Capt C F Baxter, for six months on medical certificate.

HIGH COURT—SEPTEMBER 12.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Undefended New Long Causes.

285-87—In person—Morarji Mowji vs. Lucknidas Narronji.
293-87—Payne G and S—Shaik Abdool Azez bin Alloo Ebrahim vs. Aga Mahomed Nubeekhan, &c.
297-87—Balkrishna and D—Hyath Issa vs. Haji Abdoola Noor Mahomed.

Long Causes.

124-87—T. A Bland—Mangul Ragoo vs. Bomonji Dhunjibhoy Mistry—Payne, G and S—Part heard.
166-87—Thakurdas D and C—Damodar Thakersey Moolji and others vs. L A Wallace and others—Craigie L and O.
149-87—Tobin and R—Atmaram Yadowji and another vs. Cooverji Cowasji Jussawalla—Little, S F and N.
139-87—Macfarlane E and H—Gordhundas Bhanji and others vs. Damji Ludha—Thakurdas, D and C.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

208-87—In person, a pauper—Gopikabai vs. Ruckmabai—In person—Part heard.
194-87—Little, S F and N—Jamsetji Burjorji Bahadurji vs. Ebrahim Vydina and another—Ardesir H and D.
74-87—D S Garud, for pauper—Bai Luxmibai vs. Chandree Naiquin and another—Little S F and N.
49-86—Little, S F and N—Ootumbai vs. Damodherdas Gecuidas and another—Jefferson, B and D.
223-87—Chalk W and S—Bhai Bhasker vs. Luxumon Ramchunder and another—Winter and B, and Bicknell and K.
18-87—T A Bland, for pauper—Balcrustna Kondaji vs. Mithibai and others—Tyabji and D and In person.
85-86—Crawford and B—Sulliman Lukha vs. Vullabhoy Khanbhoy and others—J C Cama, B and K, M and D, P G and S, B and H, and L S F and N.
86-86—Crawford and B—Sulliman Lukha vs. Vullabhoy Khanbhoy and others—J C Cama, B and K, M and D, P G and S, B and H, and L S F and N.

STRANGE MEDICINES.

THE attention that has lately been drawn in Bombay to the methods of some of the native medical practitioners, and to such peculiarities of the Indian Pharmacopœia as were revealed in a recent inquest on a man who had died after having had a paste composed of dried been administered to him by a quack, gives interest to an article on Strange Medicines lately contributed to the *Nineteenth Century* by Miss Gordon Cumming. It will be seen that Indian practitioners are by no means alone in including the dust of dead animals in their Materia Medica. Miss Cumming begins by telling us what she saw in a doctor's shop in Japan:—

The quaint old man whose loyal adherence to the customs of his ancestors afforded me such an interesting illustration both of old Japan and old Britain was a seller of *euroyakie*, *i.e.*, carbonised animals, in other words animals reduced to charcoal, and potted in small covered jars of earthenware, to be sold as medicine for the sick and suffering. Formerly all these animals were kept alive in the back premises, and customers selected the creature for themselves, and stood by to see it killed and burnt on the spot, so that there could be no deception, and no doubt as to the freshness of their charred medicine. Doubtless some insensible foreign influence may account for the disappearance of the menagerie of waiting victims and their cremation-ground; now the zoological backyard has vanished, and only the strange chemists shop remains, like a well stored museum, wherein are ranged portions of the dried carcases of dogs and deer, foxes and badgers, rats and mice, toads and frogs, tigers and elephants.

Unfortunately for the little lizards which dart about so joyously in the sunlight, they too are classed among the popular remedies, being considered an efficacious vermifuge; so strings of their ghastly little corpses are hung in festoons in many village shops, where I have often looked wonderingly at them, marvelling in what broth of abominable things they might reappear. So lizards and dried scorpions, (imported as medicine) also found a place in this strange druggist's shop—an 'interior' so wholly unlike anything I have every seen elsewhere, that the recollection of it remains vividly stamped on my memory—the multitude of earthenware jars containing the calcined animals all neatly ranged on shelves, the general litter of oddities of various sorts strongly resembling an old curiosity shop, and, in the midst of all, the eccentric old man, who might have passed for a Japanese wizard rather than a grave physician. It was a strangely vivid illustration of what must have been the general appearance of the laboratory of the learned leeches of Britain in the days of our forefathers.

Before glancing at these, however, it may be interesting to note a few details of kindred medicine-lore in China, on which subject a member of the French Catholic Mission writing from Mongolia says: 'May Heaven preserve us from falling ill here! It is impossible to conceive who can have devised remedies so horrible as those in use in the Chinese pharmacopœia; such as drugs compounded of toads' paws, wolves' eyes, vultures' claws, human skin and fat, and other medicaments still more horrible, of which I spare you the recital. Never did witch's den contain a collection of similar horrors.'

With regard to the singular virtues supposed to attach to the medicinal use of tiger, General Robert Warden tells me that on one occasion when, in India, he was exhibiting some trophies of the chase, some Chinamen who were present became much excited at the sight of an unusually fine tiger skin. They eagerly inquired whether it would be possible to find the place where the carcase had been buried, because from the bones of tigers dug up three months after burial, a decoction may be prepared which gives immense muscular power to the fortunate man who swallows it!

I am indebted to the same informant for an interesting note on the medicine folk-lore of India, namely, that while camping in the jungle, one of his men came to entreat him to shoot a nightjar for his benefit, because from the bright prominent eyes of this bird of night an ointment is prepared which gives great clearness of vision, and is therefore highly prized.

Of the firm belief of the Chinese in the efficacy of medicines compounded of the eyes and vitals of the human body we have had too terrible proof; for it is well known that one cause which led to the appalling Tientsin massacre in 1870 was the widespread rumour that the foreign doctors (whose skill all were forced to admit) obtained their medicines by kidnapping and murdering Chinese children and tearing out their hearts and eyes. As this nice prescription is actually described in their own books as a potent medicine, the story obtained ready credence, and we all remember the result. Moreover, the same accusation has repeatedly been spread on other occasions of popular excitement against foreign teachers.

I am not certain whether the Lamas of Peking have there introduced the fashion of administering medicine from a drinking-cup fashioned from the upper part of a wise man's skull; but such medicine-cups are greatly esteemed in Thibet, where they are mounted in gold, silver, or copper.

Such details as all these are apt to sound to us strangely unreal as we read them somewhat in the light of travellers' tales, with reference to far-away lands; but it certainly is starliing when, for the first time, we realize how exactly descriptive they are of the medicine-lore of our own ancestors—in truth, to this day we may find among ourselves some survivals of the old superstitions still lingering in out-of-the-way corners. Thus it is only a few years since the skull of a suicide was used in Caithness as a drinking-cup for the cure of epilepsy. Dr. Arthur Mitchell knows of a case in which the body of such a one was disinterred in order to obtain her skull for this purpose.

It was, however, accounted a more sure specific for epilepsy to reduce part of the skull to powder and swallow it. Even the moss which grew on such skulls was deemed a certain cure for various diseases. Nor was this simply a popular superstition. In the official Pharmacopœia of the College of Physicians of London. A.D. 1678, *the skull of a man who has died a violent death*, and the horn of a unicorn, appear as highly approved medicines. Again in 1724, the same Pharmacopœia mentions unicorn's horn, human fat, *and human skulls*, dog's dung, toads, vipers, and worms, among the really valuable medical stores. The Pharmacopœia was revised in 1742, and various ingredients were rejected, but centipedes, vipers, and lizards were retained.

Nor were these strange compounds prepared for human subjects only. In the *Anger's Vade Mecum*, published in 1681, anglers are recommended to use an ointment for the luring of fish. Consisting, amongst other horrible ingredients, of *man's fat*, cat's fat, heron's fat, asafœtida, finely powdered mummy, camphor, oil of lavender, &c.; and it was added that man's fat could be obtained from the London chyrurgeons concerned in anatomy.

Of ordinary skulls, multitude are known to have been exported from Ireland to Germany for the manufacture of a famous ointment. But as regards the more precious skull of the sinner who has died by his own hand, some faith in its efficacy seems still to linger in various parts of Britain. The Rev. T. F. Thistleton Dwyer quotes an instance of it in England in 1858; and some years later, a collier's wife applied to these sexton at Ruabon in Wales for a ragment of a humane skull, which she purposed grating to a fine powder, to be mixed with other ingredients as a medicine for her daughter, who suffered from fits Scotland likewise furnishes a recent instance of the same strange faith, which about thirty years ago happened to come under the notice of Sir James Simpson, in the parish of Nigg in Ross-shire, where a lad having been attacked with epilepsy which his friends vainly sought to cure by the charm of mole's blood (the blood of a live mole being allowed to drip on his head), they actually sent a messenger nearly a hundred miles to procure a bit of the skull of a suicide. This treasure was scraped to dust and mixed with a cup of water, which the boy, ignorant of its contents, was made to drink! (An equally odd cure for consumption was, not long ago, fully believed in the adjoining country of Sutherland, where the patient was made to drink warm blood drawn from his own arm. An instance of this was related to Sir James Simpson by one of the parties concerned. Dr. Mitchell has seen several epileptic idiots who had been subjected to the same treatment.

Equally precious to the leech of the last century were the ashes of a burnt witch collected from her funeral pyre. Such were deemed a certain cure for gout or for fever, and eagerly were they gathered up and treasured.

Whatever may have been the special merit thus attaching to criminals (and we know that a strand from the rope with which a man had been hanged was long accounted an amulet against many ills), it is satisfactory to know that saints have had their share in this dubious honour. There is one sect of our fellow Christians in Syria, namely, the Nestorians who, while they eschew all veneration for relics, yet believe the remains of saints and martyrs to be endowed with such supernatural virtues, that at their wedding feasts the dust of some reputed saint is invariably mixed with the wine in the marriage cup—a custom which would seem to require numerous additions to their saintly calendar. Doubtless, however, the holy dust multiplies, that the supply may be equal to the demand.

Old Sir Thomas Browne, after enumerating the various diseases for which divers great doctors recommend mummy as an infallible remedy, protests against such unworthy use of the ancient heroes, and declares that to serve up Chamnes and Amosis in electuaries and pills, or that Cheops and Psammetichus should be weighed out as drugs, is dismal vampirism, more horrible than the feasts of the Ghoules.

The apothecaries of England were often well content to make use of a cheap substitute which answered quite as well, namely, the bones of ancient Britons. Dr. Toope of Oxford, writing in 1685, tells how, at the circles of Hakpen Hill in Wiltshire, he had discovered a rare lot of human bones—skeletons, arranged in circles with the feet towards the centre. He says: 'The bones were large and nearly rotton, but the teeth extream and wonderfully white. Undisturbed by any questions of reverence for these ancestors of his race, he adds: '*I dug up many bushells with which I made a noble medicine.*'

A very interesting point of similarity between the little shop of the old Japanese apothecary and those of early English druggists is suggested by the extensive use of calcined animal matter recommended in the prescriptions which were most highly valued in England before the Norman Conquest, and which are recorded in elaborate Saxon manuscripts, carefully preserved in our national archives. These 'leechdoms' are written in ancient black-letter characters, and are curiously illustrated with pictures of the herbs and animals which are recommended for medicinal use.

To the value of every portion of a fox not even the fairy lore of Japan can bear higher testimony. The man who has disease of the joints is advised to take a living fox, and seethe him till the bones alone be left, and then bathe repeatedly in this foxy essence. And every year he shall prepare himself this support, and let him add oil thereto, when he seetheth him. Wonderfully it healeth.

Next in value to the fox ranks the hare, whose brain drunk in wine 'wonderfully amendeth' an indolent tendency to over-sleep. Its lung, bound on the sore, healeth both eyes and feet. The hare's gall mingled with honey brighteneth the eyes. The lung and liver mingled with myrrh and boiled in vinegar cures giddiness. The sinews swallowed raw are an antidote against bite of spiders; and the rennet administered in wine, against that of serpents. The heart mingled with dust of frankincense heals various forms of disease, while baldness is averted by smearing the head with oil in which have been seethed portions of this poor little animal. 'Then the hair holdeth on, and the salve compels that it shall grow.'

Next in order of merit comes the he-goat, whose liver pounded with vinegar is found valuable as a styptic, as is also his blood dried and reduced to dust; goats gall is a cosmetic which will remove all unsightly spots and specks from off the face; mingled with apple-juice it heals diseases of the ear, or with oil is a remedy for toothache. If a child be epileptic 'draw the brain of a mountain goat through a golden ring; give it to the child to swallow before it tastes milk; it will be healed.' 'To get sleep, a goat's horn laid under the head turneth waking into sleep.' A goat's horn roasted and pounded with acid reduces the inflammation of erysipelas. Goat's grease and blood mingled with barley meal forms a soothing poltice, while pills of goat's grease and a draught of its blood are recommended for dropsy.

Many and indescribably disgusting are the other remedies derived from the goat. A Brahmin reverentially swallowing a little of each product of the sacred cow would shrink with loathing from the leechdoms of the early English, so important a place do they assign to preparation of the excrementt of divers animals, but chiefly of bulls, of swine, of dogs, and of goats. These and many other foul ingredients are compounded in every conceivable manner, and prescribed not merely for medicinal baths and plasters for external use, but as most unsavoury physic for the inner man.

MADRAS.

CIVIL HOSPITAL ASSISTANTS TAKEN FOR TEMPORARY MILITARY SERVICE.—On the representation of the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay it has been decided by the Government of India that when Civil Hospital Assistants are taken for temporary Military Service they should receive the military instead of the Civil rate of pay attached to their grade *i. e.* that they should get temporary rank and pay accordingly for the time they are serving in the military line according to their length of service as if they had been in that line during the whole of their service. It should, however, clearly be understood that such hospital assistants on returning to civil duties must revert to the precise footing in the civil department as regards grade and pay which they would hold if they had not been transferred to temporary duty in the Military Department.—*Mail.*

HYDERABAD RAJAHS SHEORAJ BAHADOOR.—A correspondent sends us the following, which we publish exactly as it was received;—"We are glad to hear that Rajah Sheoraj Bahadoor has appointed six scholarships in his school called 'Malwala Potshala' where English and Persian is taught, in celebration of the Jubilee. This looks quite strange to see how subjects and nobles of the native States are jolly to perform such grand things. And we have also been informed that Rajah Murli Manoher Bahadoor has performed the Jubilee, when in India in English Dominion (Bombay) where he has lighted his place, opposite to Byculla Club, with thousands of lights in the night and in the morning he has given charity such as lame and blind beggars, &c., who was invited in H. E. the Lord Reay's Ball. When this Jubilee was performed in London this Rajah has given grand dinner with illumination, etc., at his Residence in Hyderabad called 'Malwala Palace' and also he made a long and beautiful speech. We no perfectly well that this is the result of the high education and good society what this Rajah Saheb has received and besides this these Rajahs belong to a very ancient noble family of the state whose ancestors have received good reward of Jagirs and mansal for their devotion."—*Ibid.*

THE COURT-MARTIAL ON SUB-CONDUCTOR JAMES BALFOUR.—This Warrant Officer of the Ordnance Department, attached to the Arsenal in Fort St. George, was arraigned by a General Court-Martial, last week, on a charge of theft of a quantity of pig lead, the property of Government. According to the prosecution, on the 22nd June last, a native contractor applied to Colonel Fisher for permission to purchase a quantity of steel, the property of Government, and for that purpose, went to the Fort and presented a Treasury Order to Conductor Rainford, attached to the Arsenal and in charge of the Oil Godown. He there met Sub-Conductor Balfour, who enquired of him whether he would purchase lead. The Contractor was not aware that Balfour was not authorised to sell lead, and enquired the price. The Government rate was quoted. The contractor, not knowing what was meant by the "Government rate," was informed that it was Rs. 7-11-0 per cwt. Agreeing to the rate, he deposited Rs. 110, out of which Rs. 20 were given to Conductor Rainford. He then had the lead conveyed from the Fort in Balfour's Department to the Oil Godown, (Rainford's department) and thence had it put into his own cart and conveyed to the bazaar, where he sold it to one Rungiah Chetty. At this stage, a Sub-Inspector of the Madras Police came upon the scene, and, knowing Rungiah Chetty to be a person addicted to purchasing stolen property, enquired how he had come by the lead, and on being informed that he had purchased it from the contractor, that individual was looked up, and he at first said that he had purchased the lead from the Fort, and subsequently that he bought it at the Arsenal through the medium of Sub-Conductor Balfour, to whom he had given Rs. 90, and Rs. 20 to Rainford. The contractor, the man Rungiah Chetty and a few lascars were then put up before the Deputy Commissioner of Police, and released on bail. Sub-Conductor Balfour pleaded not guilty, and denied all knowledge of the transaction. Mr. Eardly Norton, instructed by Mr. Champion, defended the accused, who was acquitted by the Court on Monday last. Colonel Fisher spoke to the good conduct and honesty of Sub-Conductor Balfour, adding that he bore a good character and was entitled to a full Conductor's rank and also to a good conduct medal.—*Madras Times.*

THE longest street tramway in the world, will be that with which it is proposed to connect a number of towns near Buenas Ayres, South America, and which will have a total length of 200 miles. Sleeping cars will be run upon the road for the comfort of the passengers. Horses will be employed as a motive power instead of steam because horses are cheap, fuel is dear, and the people are slow. The sleeping cars which there are 18 ft. in length, and are furnished with four berths each, which are made to roll up when not in use. The cars are furnished with lavatories, water-coolers, linen presses and other conveniences, and are finished throughout with mahogany. The other rolling-stock comprises four double-decked open cars, twenty platform cars, twenty gondola cars, six refrigerator cars, four poultry cars furnished with coops, eight cattle cars, two derrick cars for lifting heavy material, and 200 box cars.

LATEST reports from the Central Districts of Upper Burma state that news was received at Yeu on the 1st instant that the camp of the great dacoit boh of the Hnaw Forest, Nga Myegyi, who was one of the principal supporters of the pretender prince, was rushed on the 30th August by the Myook of Pothain and some mounted Burma police. The Nga Myegyi was killed, and his son severely wounded, and the way the operations were carried out reflects great credit on the Myook and the Burman police. In the Southern District, the rebels still continue to show a good deal of activity, although they are continually hunted by troops and police. On the 31st August the Transport lines, two miles from Meneo, were attacked by a large body, who endeavoured to fire the buildings in the enclosure. Owing to the high wall, they were, however, unable to do so, and were beaten off by the guard and pursued by cavalry; but their traces were lost in the jungle. The Yaw country is much disturbed, and frequent raids are made on our side of the border. The rebels, however, always retreat rapidly when they hear of troops approaching, and any pursuit in the dense jungle of those part is most difficult.

BENGAL.

FEMALE SWINDLERS.—Female thieves seem to be about the town, and at work like their brothers, but instead of playing their tricks, like their brothers, with unwary men, they are operating in the zenanas. On Saturday last, a decently clad woman took a gilded ornament valued at four or five annas, to a respectable zenana lady residing at Brindabun Mullick's lane, Sukea's Street section, representing the same to be gold, and stating that she had been authorised by her (the lady's) husband, mentioning his name, to give the same to her, for 30 rupees. The zenana lady, believing that her husband had purchased the article for her as a Doorga Poojah present, received it with pleasure, and paid the thief the amount. The husband, on returning home after office, was shown the ornament by his wife when he denied having commissioned the thief.—*Indian Daily News.*

FORGERY OF GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES.—Saboo prosonno Moitra and Taruck Nath Pattuck were charged at the Calcutta Police Court on Thursday on a charge of counterfeiting Government of India currency notes of Rs. 10 each, for using and having in possession forged notes and implements and materials for the purpose of counterfeiting notes of Rs. 5 and Rs. 10, and upwards. Mr. Hume, Government Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, and stated the facts of the case. Santaram Dass, the native confectioner, to whom the forged note was presented, and Gorachand Chatterjee, who presented the same, were examined, and deposed to the facts stated in our issue of yesterday. Inspector R. K. Sanyel also deposed to having taken up the enquiry, and arrested the accused, and found the following implements and materials for preparing false G. C. notes:—One counterfeit plate with Government of India water line marcs for preparing notes of Rs. 10 and upwards; one plate for preparing notes of Rs. 5 3 seals; four files; a bottle of olive oil; 131 sheets of parchment paper; 201 pieces of parchment paper cut to the size of notes for Rs. 10 and upwards; 169 pieces of parchment cut to the size of notes of Rs. 5; 18 papers with water line letters "Government of India" and "Rupees," 22 pieces of the same; 2 notes of Rs. 5 each, in complete; 2 tracings of notes of Rs. 5; 3 tracings of notes of Rs. 10, and 2 sets of parchment paper slips.

Baboo Kallyprosonno Ghosal appeared on behalf of the accused, who were remanded to jail till the 15th instant.—*Ibid.*

THE REV. H. H. SANDEL.—It is with very great sorrow we have to record the death of the Rev. H. H. Sandel, senior missionary, attached to St. Paul's Cathedral. Mr. Sandel was originally a Brahmin, well connected with many leading families in and around Calcutta. He was converted to Christianity in 1836, so he was a Christian for nearly 50 years. We little know and much less can realise of the trials a convert had to undergo, and of the sacrifices he had to make at that time. God gave grace to His servant to count all things but dross for the excellency that is in Jesus Christ, when he was but a youth, and to devote the rest of his life to the service of his Lord and Saviour, and thus forego what might be considered advancement in life. After serving the S. P. G. as a catechist for some years, he was ordained deacon in 1856, and priest the following year by Bishop Wilson, who perceiving his sterling qualities, appointed Mr. Sandel to one of the missionary stalls which he established in St. Paul's Cathedral. This post Mr. Sandel filled till his earthly career was closed. During this long period of 30 years, he gathered around him a devoted congregation and a large circle of friends and acquaintances, and was known for his simple faith, devotion to his work, and untiring zeal in his arduous and manifold labours and by his life and work he was the means of bringing many into the fold. For the past year or two, he had been raising funds to build a church, and was just permitted to collect enough to secure a suitable site, and the church in a fair way of being commenced and see his long-cherished hope all but accomplished. Mr. Sandel had been out of health for a long time, but still continued his work till he was confined to his house about five months ago. The last fatal illness confined him to his bed for about three weeks.

A POST OFFICE CASE.—A native, named Kali Churn Banerjee, was charged at the Calcutta Police Court on Thursday with fraudulently retaining and destroying a registered Post Office letter, containing Rs. 40 in currency notes of Rs. 10 each, addressed to one Ram Kanye Addy. A Post Office registered letter from Nurajore was sent by one of the postmen of the establishment to the address of Ram Kanye Addy. The peon went to the house of the addressee, who was, however, bathing, and saw the accused, who represented himself as the brother of Ram Kanye, and took the letter, giving the usual receipt for the same. Later on, the postman called at the house again, when he saw Ram Kanye, and asked him if he had received his registered letter. The latter replied in the negative, which led to enquiries being instituted, when it was discovered that the receipt was signed in the name of Woomachurn Banerjee, a brother of the accused, who had in the meanwhile absconded. Inspector Pereira, of the Post Office, yesterday arrested the accused, who was identified as the person who had taken the letter, and signed the receipt, and he was made over to the Police. Some evidence was taken, and the case adjourned till the 16th instant, to enable the Government Solicitor to be instructed for the prosecution, accused being enlarged on his personal recognisance for Rs. 1,000, and two sureties of Rs 500 each.—*Indian Daily News.*

A SURRENDER.—Mr. R. L. Mitter, barrister-at-law, on behalf of Gour Lall Dutt, late cashier of the firm of Messrs. Watson and Summers, appeared before his Worship at the Calcutta Police Court on Thursday to surrender his client, against whom a warrant was issued on the 8th of January last, at the instance of his employers, for criminal misappropriation and criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,500, discovered to be deficient in his accounts as cashier of the firm. Mr. Mitter, in surrendering his client, asked that he should be enlarged on bail to any reasonable amount his Worship might deem necessary. A notice had been served on Messrs. Watson and Summers that accused would surrender himself at 11 o'clock this morning, and from the circumstance of his having done so at Poojah time, there could be no likelihood of his running away if enlarged on bail. Why his client has not been arrested before, counsel did not know, but he could say that his client had never left British India. Mr. Summers identified the accused as the late cashier of his firm, but stated that he was not prepared to go on with the case today, as he was about to leave for Rangoon on very urgent business, owing to which he asked that the case might be adjourned, as he would be away for at least a fortnight. He had no objection to the accused being enlarged on bail, His Worship observed that under the circumstances, he would not keep accused in prison for a fortnight, and as complainant was not ready to go on with the case, it would be adjourned till this day fortnight, accused being enlarged on his personal recognisance for Rs. 3,000, and two sureties of Rs. 1,000 each.—*Ibid.*

MATRIMONIAL DECEPTION.

MR. READE at the Calcutta Criminal Revision Court on Monday applied for a rule, calling on Honorary Magistrates Messrs. J. Simmons and Baboo Devendra Narain Roy, to show cause why their judgment in the following case should not be set aside. His clients, Misree Tewaree, Jankee Soonar and another, were charged under Section 417 of the Indian Penal Code with cheating, and were sentenced, the first prisoner to two months' and the others to two weeks' imprisonment. The three prisoners represented to a Brahmin widow, one Doncomonie Dassee, that a certain young man was a Brahmin, and that the first prisoner was his brother-in-law, and the other his uncle. In consequence of their representations, she was induced to give her daughter in marriage to the young man and to make him certain presents by way of tilluck. It subsequently transpired that he was not a Brahmin but a Bunnia, and criminal proceedings were taken by the widow. It was alleged by the prosecution that the widow herself was not a Brahminee but a Bunnia, and that the offence could not be termed cheating, inasmuch as none of the parties derived any benefit from the transaction. Mr. Reade read portions of the judgment and submitted that on the facts he was entitled to a rule. Mr. Justice Norris remarked that the matter was a very serious one, and the offence was one of the worst that could happen in this country, as the widow and her relatives were thus put out of caste and a grave slur was cast on the whole family. In the absence of any suggestion of an error in judgment, the Court could not interfere in revision, and the application would therefore be refused.—*Indian Daily News.*

THE hottest day in Calcutta during the month of August last was the 17th, when the thermometer stood at 90·9, and the coolest was the 2nd, when it fell to 75·9. The rainfall of the month was 10·28 inches, the average fall for the last 48 years being 30·94 inches. Rain fell on 23 days during the month, the average number of wet days for the last 24 years being 25. There were 161 hours of bright sunshine out of a possible number of 398 hours.

THE *Bombay Catholic Examiner* announces that the Pope has approved the decree of Propaganda dividing the diocese of Lahore and erecting Kafiristan and Kashmere into a Prefecture Apostolic. This will comprise the territory of southern Punjab, as far as the rivers Jhelum, Chenab and Indus. The new Prefecture has been confided to the Fathers of the Society of St. Joseph, Mill Hill. On Thursday the Prefect Apostolic, the Very Rev. Ignatius Brouwer, left with the Rev. S. F. Reynders, T. Smith, F. H. van Mansfeld, and John de Ruyter for Rawal Pindee.

THE SPORTING CASE AT MEERUT.

THE decision was verbally given on September 5 in the case of Chapman *versus* Tej Singh, the Judge holding generally that the Court had jurisdiction on certain matters, while on others, such as the jewellery obtained from Chapman at Jodhpore, he was doubtful.

Mr. Newton urged that the object of the law was to minimise rather than increase litigation and if the Court, before inquiring into the cognizable parts of Chapman's demand, decided in such a general manner, an unsatisfactory result would necessarily accrue.

Mr. Peary Lall urged the dismissal of the claim altogether, but the Court ruled that there was a cause established, and suggested that Mr. Newton should amend the plaint so as to enable the court to adjudicate on such portions of the claim over which it has jurisdiction.

TRANS-FRONTIER INTELLIGENCE.

THE Lahore paper publishes the following items of trans-frontier intelligence :—

A native correspondent writes from Swat that the inhabitants there believe that all the arms in possession of Omra Khan of Junddul are sent to him by the British Government through Abdul Latiff of Hazara.

Mulla Khalil, who was sent by the Amir to overcome Omra Khan and settle the affairs of Bajaur and Swat, has, according to the same correspondent, been put to flight. On the 22nd of August, Omra Khan killed 60 men and 52 horses of the Mehmand Karez and Kuth Sarai tribes, who came to assist Mulla Khalil. Omra Khan lost 6 men and 9 horses.

On the 23 August Omra Khan made an attack on the villages of Ochoona and plundered 7 villages. The Governor of Jelalabad is said to have seized 4 men (Ghilzais) of Logar as they were heard to say in the bazar of Jelaladad that Abdul Karim was on the eve of advancing and that he had twice defeated Gholam Hyder Khan during the month. When they arrived as prisoners at Kabul, the Amir is said to have sent them to Turkistan for sale as slaves.

On the 28th of August, four women were rescued from sale in Khost by the Amir and sent back to Bajaur across the Khyber Pass, and their travelling expenses were also paid by the Amir.

Early in August, Rahman Kul Begi, the Governor of Karaigin, Abdul Moman of Mir Darwaz, and Rahman Khan of Golab wrote to Sirdar Abdulla Jan, Governor of Faizabad in Badakhshan, asking him to keep the Russians as much as he could out of the limits of Badakhshan, as they desired to ruin the country. First they cunningly adopt mild measures, and when they once get the inhabitants under their power they behave brutally and tyranically.

Wherever the Russian camp is pitched one mile over the boundary, a picket is formed, and any female found within the precincts of the camp is ill-used and dishonored by them, as happened lately, to the knowledge of the writers, to a woman of Golab. This, they say, is an instance of the way in which the inhabitants are treated by the Russians.

Nulla Gholab Din of Fort Bunnoo, who in the winter lives at Bunnoo and in the summer in the Sawul Hills, and who is a disciple of the Mulla of Supra, has made peace between the Ahmedzais, and Waziris.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

	Maximum Rates Rs. a. p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—	
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0 3 3
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 3 0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0 2 0
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0 6 0
Do. (round), per lb	0 1 6
Meat for soup, per lb.	0 1 3
Shins, large, each	0 5 0
Do. small, each	0 4 0
Tongues, fresh, each	0 4 0
Do. salt, each	0 7 6
Suet, 1st sort, each	0 6 0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0 5 0
Liver, each	0 4 0
Heart, each	0 1 6
Kidneys, each	0 1 0
Sweet bread, each	0 5 0
Marrow Bones, each	0 1 0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0 2 0
Oxtail, each	0 3 0
Sirloin, per lb	0 3 6
Fore Ribs, each	0 3 0
Beef Salt, English	0 7 0

MUTTON—	1st Sort.	2nd Sort.
Saddle, per lb Rs.	0 4 0	0 2 9
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0 4 0	0 2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	0 2 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 6	0 2 0
Breast large	0 3 6	0 2 3
Breast, small, each	0 3 0	0 2 0
Head, each	0 3 0	...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0 1 0
Suet, per lb	0 3 0	0 3 0

KID (SMALL)—	
Hind Quarter, 1st sort per piece	1 0 0
Fore " " "	0 12 0
Hind Quarter, 2nd sort "	0 12 0
Fore " " "	0 9 0
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart	0 7 0
MILK AND BUTTER—	
Cow's Milk, per seer measure	0 2 6
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure	0 2 0
Do. Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.	0 1 3
Jagree, per maund	2 8 0
Butter, English, per tin	1 2 0
Cheese do. per tin	0 12 0
PORK (FRESH AND SALT)—	
Figs, (Roaster), each	3 8 0
Do. Head, per lb	0 2 0
Sausages, per lb	0 4 0
Bacon, per lb	0 4 0
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set	0 6 0
Do. Lard, per lb	0 6 0
Pork, Salt, English	0 8 0
Boiled Lard, per lb	0 12 0
SUGAR—	
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0 8 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 7 0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0 3 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 2 3
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0 1 6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 3
Do. do. brown, per seer	0 1 3
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0 1 6
Tea, Hill, per lb	0 14 0
Do. 1st sort, per lb	0 12 0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 10 0
Sago, per seer	0 1 6
FRUITS—	
Pine Apples, large, each	1 0 0
Do. small, each	0 8 0
Custard Apples, each	0 1 6
Pomeloes, large, each	1 4 0
Do. small, each	0 10 0
Guavas, large, per dozen	0 12 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 2 0
Orange, large, per dozen	9 0 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 12 0
Melons, musk, large, each	0 4 0
Do. do. small, each	0 2 0
Plantains, large, red, per dozen	0 5 0
Do. small, red, per dozen	0 3 6
Do. large, yellow, per dozen	0 3 0
Do. small, yellow, per dozen	0 2 0
Limes sweet, per dozen	0 10 0
Do. sour, per dozen	0 1 0
Pomegranate Muscat, per doz.	3 0 0
Do. Bombay, per doz.	0 8 0
Figs, Poona, per dozen	0 4 0
Pears, per dozen	0 12 0
Apples, Cashmere, per dozen	1 12 0
Chekoos, per dozen	0 14 0
Flowers, mixed, per bunch	0 2 0
Moosombies	1 0 0
BREAD—	
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each	0 1 9
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each	0 1 6
Do. brown, each	0 2 0
Flour, Wheat, per seer	0 1 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 0
Rolong, 1st, sort per seer	0 1 3
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 0
Biscuits, Poona, per lb	0 5 0
Do. Bombay, per lb	0 2 6
Do. Poona, Mixed, per lb	0 4 0
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0 0 8
Bajri, Rice, per lb	0 0 6
FIREWOOD—	
Coal, Europe, per ton	17 0 0
Charcoal, country, per maund	0 9 0
Babool, per candy	6 0 0
Do. per maund	0 3 6
Kurrachee Babool, per candy	5 8 0
Do. do. per maund	0 3 3
Aine, per candy	5 8 0
Do. per maund	0 3 3
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	4 12 0
Do do. do. per maund	0 2 9
Kurmall, per candy	5 0 0
Do. per maund	0 3 0
Khaire, per candy	7 0 0
Do. per maund	0 4 0
GHEE—	
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0 5 3
Do. Ghautee, 1st sort, per seer	0 4 6
Do. Jaffrabad, per seer	0 5 6
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0 6 0
Do. common, country, per bottle	0 1 6
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0 12 0
VEGETABLES—	
Potatoes, Australian, per maund	3 8 0
Do. do. do. per seer.	0 1 6
Do. Mahableshwar, large, per maund	2 6 0
Do. large, per seer	0 1 0
Do. small do. per maund	1 14 0
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0 9
Do. Poona orSurat, large, per maund	1 0 0
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0 6
Do. small, per maund	0 12 0
Do. do. seer	0 0 4
Yams, white, per seer	0 0 9
Do. red, per seer	0 0 9
Onions, per seer	0 0 3
Turnips, large, per dozen	0 6 0
Do. small, per dozen	0 3 0
Carrots, per seer	0 0 6
Cellery, large, each	0 1 9
Lettuces, each	0 0 3
Beet, large, each	0 0 9
Do. small, each	0 1 6
Radishes, white, per dozen	0 1 6
Do. white, per dozen	0 1 0
Tomatoes, per seer	0 2 6
Green Peas, per seer	0 0 9
French Beans	0 0 6
Knol Khol, per dozen	0 12 0
Brinjals, Bombay, per seer	0 6 0
Pumpkins, large, each	0 8 0
Do. small, each	0 6 0
Cucumbers, per dozen	0 4 0
Artichoke, per seer	0 1 6
Beams, double, per seer	0 2 0
Parsley, per small bunch	0 0 3
Water Cresses, per small bunch	0 0 3
Cocoanuts, whole, per 100	5 0 0
Do. shelled, per maund	3 4 0
Betelnut, per maund	4 0 0
Do. leaf, per 100	0 1 6
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0 0 6
Cocoanuts Jangbhohar, per 100	6 4 0
PICKLES, COUNTRY—	
Mango, per seer	0 0 9
Lime, per seer	0 0 9
Mixed, per seer	0 0 9
Papads, large, per seer	0 1 3
Do. small, per seer	0 1 3
Salt, 1st sort, per seer	0 0 9
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 0 8
Do. pounded, per seer	0 1 6
DRY FISH—	
Surmaye large per each	0 12 0
Palah, large, each	0 1 6
Do. small, each	0 1 0
Dhomee, large, each	0 0 3
Do. small, each	0 0 6
Bumlows, per dozen	0 0 6
Donugry fish, each	0 1 6
OIL—	
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund	4 4 0
Do. 2nd sort, per maund	4 0 0
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund	4 2 0
Do. 2nd sort, per maund	3 6 0
Linseed Oil, country, per maund	4 0 0
Castor Oil, per maund	3 8 0
FRESH FISH—	
Surmaye, large, each	1 4 0
Pamfred white large, per pair	0 12 0
Do. Medium	0 8 0
Do. small,	0 5 0
Do. Black large	1 0 0
GRAIN—	
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra	4 4 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	3 12 0
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra	3 8 0
Gram, Jambooser, per phurra	3 6 0
Do. Ghautee, per phurra	3 2 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	4 4 0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra	2 10 0
Oorced Ghoghary	3 12 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	5 0 0
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra	2 10 0
Raggy, per phurra	3 6 0
per phurra	3 12 0
per phurra	2 8 0
Jerasal 1st sort	6 4 0
Do. Dall, 1st sort, per phurra	5 8 0
Wal Beans, of sorts, per phurra	2 10 0
Wurree or Veragoo, per phurra	3 0 0
Kong, per phurra	2 12 0

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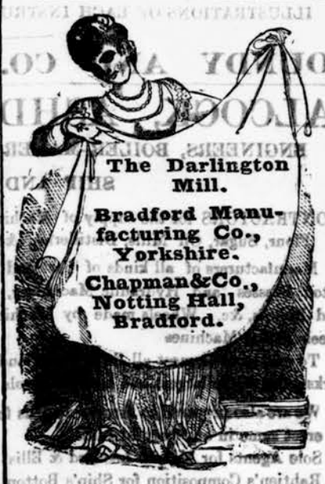

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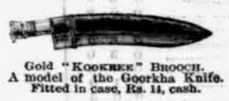
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